DID YOU KNOW THAT
BLANKETS
CAN BE DYED, AND THAT THEY
DYE well?
PRESCOTTS'
DUBLIN.
'Phones—571, 2505, and 2856. (1)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 2d.

ROLL OF HONOUR.
In Memoriam.

BOYD—In ever-living memory of Second Lieutenant W. Hatchell Boyd, R.D.F., elder and dearly-loved son of Rev. and Mrs. S. T. Boyd, Lucan, killed in action, at Ginchy, 9th September, 1916.

JAMES—In loving memory of our third son, Lance-Corporal Tom James, R.D.F., killed in action, Ginchy, 9th September, 1916, aged 21 years; also our nephew, William Henry Lennon, Irish Guards, killed 9th September, 1917, aged 28 years. "Till the day break and the shadows flee away."—J. and E. James.

MURPHY—In loving memory of William J. (Billy) Murphy, Captain, 9th Royal Dublin Fusiliers, killed in action, at Ginchy, September 9th, 1916.

O'CONNELL—In loving memory of Donal C. O'Connell, Second Lieutenant, Connaught Rangers, killed in action, at Ginchy, 9th September, 1916. R.I.P.

O'KEARNEY-WHITE — Fifth Anniversary—In proud and ever-loving memory of my darling son, Ernest, Second Lieutenant, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, reported "missing" after taking of Ginchy (battle of the Somme), 9th September, 1916. "Bravest and best."

VIGORS—In loving remembrance of Arthur Cecil (of T.C.D.), Second Lieutenant, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, killed in action, at Ginchy, September 9th, 1916, aged 21 years, and Charles Henry (of University College, Nottingham), Captain and Adjutant, M.C., Croix de Guerre, with Palm, twice mentioned in Despatches, killed in action, at "Pip" Ridge, Ballieux, aged 28 years, only dear sons of the late Charles Henry Colman-Vigors and Mrs. Vigors, Blessington.

"They with vision splendid have seen the great triumph;
They have heard their great King's "Well done!"

WHITE BELL—In loving memory of John William White Bell, Captain, Royal Munster Fusiliers, killed in action, at Ginchy, 9th of September, 1916, only son of the Ven. the Archdeacon of Emly and Mrs. White Bell, and beloved husband of Mabel White Bell.

BIRTH.

CALDERWOOD—September 5, 1921, at Cranfield, Green rd., Knock, Belfast, the wife of Henry C. Calderwood, a son.

MARRIAGES.

BELL and OUGHTON—August 6, 1921, privately, at Nairobi, Kenya Colony, John Alexander, Merchant, and Agent (formerly an Officer in His Majesty's Service), son of William Bell, farmer, Laretburn, to Anna Harriett, daughter of Thomas Oughton, formerly of Dublin, and now residing at Nairobi, Australian, Tasmanian, and Canadian papers please copy.

JERVOIS and BRYAN—September 8, 1921, quietly, in Dublin, Francis Jervois, Earlsford Mansions, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Jervois, of Youghal, to Cathleen, younger daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Bryan, of Borrmahon Manor, Passchendaele, and Mrs. Bryan, 10 Waterloo rd., Dublin.

KERR and OLIVER—September 2, 1921, at St. Stephen's Church, Dublin, by the Rev. L. Oulton, Thomas Waller, eldest son of T. J. Kerr, Largan, to Oliver and Mrs. Oliver, 100 Haddington rd., Dublin.

WALLER and do ROBECK—September 5, 1921, at Cooke, Robert Peel Waller, M.C., R.H.A., to Claire de Robeck.

DEATHS.

AULD—September 8, 1921, at Cable rd., Whitehead, Agnes, widow of the late James Auld, of Port Davey, Islandmagee, Co. Antrim, and eldest daughter of the late John Dornan, of Whitehead, in her 86th year. Fungal private. No flowers.

BAGOT—September 8, 1921, Melville Keady, second son of Andrew George Bagot, Greenville, York rd. Funeral from there to Mount Jerome, at 6 o'clock, to-morrow (Saturday) morning.

FENNELLY—September 6, 1921, at Castletown House, Moyne, Templemore, Anastasia, daughter of the late Thomas Fennelly, R.I.P.

FLEMYNG—September 6, 1921, at Coolin, Portlaw, Rev. Canon William Westropp Flemyng, Precentor of Waterford Cathedral, Glasgow, and Rector of Donegan, Portlaw for past 38 years. Funeral to-day (Friday) at 2 p.m.

GEOGHEGAN—September 7, 1921, at her residence, 4 Ulster Villas, Kingston, Barbara, eldest daughter of the late Arthur Gerald Geoghegan.

McGORLEY—August 31, 1921, at Ruchill Hospital, David, fifth son of Robert and Sarah McGorley, 6 McAlpine st., Glasgow, deeply missed. Pretoria, Harold's Cross rd., Terenure, and Annie Elizabeth, widow of Arthur S. Malyn, of Dublin. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing son and daughter. Funeral (private) this (Friday) morning to Mount Jerome.

MOORE—September 5, 1921, at her residence, Clough Lodge, Greencastle, Belfast, Matilda, widow of the late James Moore, and dearly-loved mother of Mrs. Johnston Berry Cochrane, "Baevnogue," Howth rd., Dublin.

O'FLYNN—September 8, 1921, at Presentation Convent, Sligo, Sister Mary Francis O'Flynn, in the 33rd year of her religious profession. R.I.P. Solemn Office and High Mass to-morrow (Saturday) at 10.30 a.m.

IMPORTANT—As Announcements for this column, if posted on Saturday, cannot reach this office in time for Monday's paper, they should be sent by telegram.

IN MEMORIAM.

FITZPATRICK—In loving memory of Patrick Fitzpatrick, late R.S.M. Major, Royal Irish Fusiliers, Armagh, also Merrion, Dublin, died September 9, 1919. R.I.P.
The world may change from year to year,
Our friends from day to day;
But never will the Dad we loved
From memory fade away.
Inserted by loving wife and children.

GLEESON—Second Anniversary—In sad and loving memory of our dear boy, Christopher Gleeson, 1 Mulgrave st., Limerick, who fell asleep 9th September, 1919.
"His cheery face and gentle smile
Are missed to recall;
He had a kindly word for each,
And died beloved by all."
Inserted by his loving parents, brothers, and sisters.

SEXTON—In loving remembrance of Katherine Sexton, late of 53 Summer Hill, who departed this life on September 9th, 1918. Fondly loved and deeply mourned by husband and children.

SHINNER—In loving memory of dear Willie, who died 9th September, 1918. Still deeply mourned. "Peace, perfect peace."—Ada.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 2.

'Phone—276. NICHOLS' 'Phone—276.
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT,
Lombard st. (Westland Row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WALLER,
49 and 50 DENZILLE STREET
(Merrion square).

SALOON MOTOR HEARSE.
Private Mortuary.
'Phone—131. Wires—" Undertaker, Dublin."
FARRELL'S

FUNERAL and CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT,
66 MARLBOROUGH STREET.
Telephone—711.
MOTOR FUNERALS SUPPLIED.
MILLER & CO., BRAY.
MOTOR HEARSE. MOTOR AMBULANCE.
Telegrams—Collier, Bray.
'Phone, Bray 716 (2 lines).

EDUCATION.

THE PEMBROKE TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION COMMITTEE
Propose to Establish
SHORT DAY COURSES OF INSTRUCTION
IN MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL WORKSHOP PRACTICE.
Thirty Hours instruction per week.
FEES FOR TWELVE WEEKS' COURSE, £16.
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING WORKSHOP.
Instruction in the running and care of petrol, oil, semi-Diesel, and Marine Engines, Machine Shop work, including turning, drilling, vice-work, milling, hardening and tempering, soldering and brazing.
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING WORKSHOP.
Instruction in simple wiring of light and power circuits, electric ignition for internal combustion engines, running and care of D.C. dynamos and motors, lighting sets.
For full particulars apply to the SECRETARY, Pembroke Technical School, Ringsend, Dublin.

ST. MARGARET'S HALL,
MESPIL ROAD, DUBLIN,
WILL RE-OPEN THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15th.
For Prospectus and all particulars apply to
THE PRINCIPAL,
Miss EDITH F. BADHAM, LL.D.
Dr. Badham can receive parents any day between 1 and 3 o'clock.

AVOCA SCHOOL,
BLACKROCK,
RE-OPENED SEPTEMBER 1st.
Two or Three Boys, over 14, good at sports or books, can be taken at a reduced fee.

STUDLEY COURT
COLLEGE FOR GIRLS,
STOURBRIDGE, WORCESTERSHIRE.
For Prospectus and full particulars apply to
MISS MERCIER,
"Rosebrook," Abbeyleix, Queen's County.
An escort is provided to and from Ireland.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SHREWSBURY ROAD, BALLSBRIDGE.
HOUSE for Sale, with every accommodation; electric light and heating; good garden and motor house. Apply "Z 1997, House," this office.

FRUIT-FARMING with the ever-increasing British Colony of Ex-Officers and others in Central California is ideal for Settlers with some capital. Apply to J. H. Farmer (Late Attached Officer, War Office), Mundesley, Norfolk.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.
If you want your Boy to develop self-reliance and initiative, complete his education as a practical Engineering Finishing School, under the instruction of Trained Engineers. For full particulars apply Q 994, this office.

ALLESBURY GARDENS, SIDNEY PARADE—New Houses for Sale, one for letting, £100 and taxes; free of rates first year. Apply Residences, 14 Lower Sackville street.

WANTED TO RENT, in good district, near Dublin, a Well Furnished House, with three family and two servants' bedrooms. Would consider taking over short lease and purchasing Furniture.—Q 888, this office.

LARGE HOUSE
suitable as Residence for Boarders, Wanted in or near Dublin, Pembroke District preferred. Send full particulars and rent to
C. LE PETON,
Earlsfort House School,
EARLSFORT PLACE, DUBLIN.

CAMLAGH, GREYSTONES—Charming Bungalow; 4 bedrooms, hot bath, electric light, tennis. Furnished, winter, year, sheltered. Proposals
ARTHUR JONES and SON,
Auctioneers, GREYSTONES. 'Phone 1.

ELECTRIC IRONS.
SPECIAL REDUCTION IN PRICES.
All Guaranteed.
See our Window.
EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, LTD.,
Electrical Engineers,
54 SOUTH KING STREET.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED—James H. North and Co., Auctioneers, Grafton st. Established 1829.

WHY PAY MORE? The Cheapest and Best Luncheon in Dublin, three courses, 2/3.—RED BANK RESTAURANT CO., DOLIER STREET.

CAFE CAIRO, 59 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.
Orchestra Daily, 12.30-7.

CEDAR TUBS AND CHURNS.
JOHN C. PARKES & SONS, LTD.,
COOMBE, DUBLIN.

ELVERY & CO., LTD.,
Agents for DICK'S BALATA BELTING.
ELEPHANT HOUSE, DUBLIN, CORK & LONDON.

BROOKS, THOMAS, AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN.
BALL BEARING HANGERS
FOR SLIDING GATES, DOORS, AND SCREENS.

VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property, etc., made for Probate and all purposes. James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton street.

FOR
INSURANCES AT LLOYDS
(Every Description of Risk)
Consult
FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD & CO., LTD.,
Lloyd's Chambers, 30 Anglesea street, DUBLIN.
Telephone 658.

PADDY—THE NEXT BEST THING to new clothes is the Dartry process on the old ones. Send them to us and see.

SPECIAL CLEARANCE LINE.
BREAD WRAPPING TISSUE, size 18 x 28.
10 Ream Lots at 2/5 Ream; 20 Ream Lots at 2/3.
Samples with Pleasure.
ROWE, BLUE and CO.,
1 and 2 FOSTER PLACE, DUBLIN.

RENT COLLECTIONS and Management of Property undertaken.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street. Established 1829.

TULLAMORE, "The Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times," and the "Irish Field" can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains from Mr. M. F. Gorry, Harbour street.

WE are offering at special prices a large consignment of
ORIENTAL CARPETS,
in Rich Colourings.
See our George's street Windows
On Monday, 12th inst.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

MOIRA RESTAURANT,
TRINITY STREET (Colleges Green).
Two minutes from Trinity College.
Excellent Catering. Moderate Charges.
P. NUGENT, Proprietor.

THE LATEST FASHIONS (Illustrated), appear in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." On Sale To-day, price Twopence.

NEWEST OIL COOKERS AND OVENS,
Perfection, Puritan, Wicles, Primus,
THOMAS HENSHAW and CO., LTD.,
Christ Church place, Dublin.

INCOME TAX.—Claims, Super-tax, Accounts—Bourke, late Surveyor of Taxes, 74 Grafton street, Dublin.

INCOME TAX Recovered; Farm Accounts, Returns, and Super Tax Statements Prepared.—J. T. WALLACE, Expert, 10 Nassau street, Dublin. 'Phone 1585.

CARSON'S "VITROLITE"—The Paint for Concrete, Stucco, Sister Mary Francis O'Flynn, in the 33rd year of her religious profession. R.I.P. Solemn Office and High Mass to-morrow (Saturday) at 10.30 a.m.

HINTS TO INVESTORS are given in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." On Sale To-day, price Twopence.

LOANS BY POST.
£20 TO £5,000
—in any part of Ireland and Great Britain—to all respectable persons on Note of Hand. Loans arranged by post, without interview. No fees charged before hand charges.
THE STANDARD PRIVATE FINANCE COMPANY OF IRELAND, LTD.,
15 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN.
J. C. WALSHE, Secretary.

NEW REGULATIONS IN THE CIVIL SERVICE—See the Students' Page of the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." On Sale To-day, price Twopence.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE COMPANIES ACTS, 1908 to 1917.
In the Matter of
THE IRISH STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)
Pursuant to Section 188 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, notice is hereby given that a Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Company will be held at No. 28 Glentworth street, Limerick, on Monday, the 19th day of September, 1921.
Notice is also hereby given that the Creditors of the above-named Company are required, on or before the 15th day of October, 1921, to send in their names and addresses and particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any), to Hugh O'Neill, A.I.A., Accountant and Auditor, 28 Glentworth street, Limerick, the Liquidator of the Company; and if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, to come in and prove their debts or claims, at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.
Dated this 7th day of September, 1921.
H. GILBEY, A.P.I.A.,
JAMES LYONS, Solicitor for the Company, Liquidator.
Bindon street, Ennis.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
AGNES MARY DE BUTTS, late of Glenealy Lodge, Glenealy, in the County of Wicklow, Spinster, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors of, or otherwise to have any claim or demand against the estate of the above named Deceased, who died on the 6th day of March, 1921, are hereby required, on or before the 10th day of October, 1921, to furnish in writing particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executor of the Will of the Deceased, to whom Probate thereof was, by the High Court of Justice in Ireland, Probate Action Side, Principal Registry, King's Bench Division, granted on the 10th day of June, 1921, granted forth of the Probate Registry of the said Court for this city; and notice is hereby further given that after the said 10th day of October, 1921, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 9th day of September, 1921.
WM. A. HOGAN and SON,
Solicitors for the said Executor, 3 Lower Merrion street, Dublin.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
ALEXANDER GIBSON CUMMING, late of 18 Lindsay road, Glasnevin, in the City of Dublin, Retired Bank Official, Deceased.
Pursuant to Acts 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, all persons claiming to be Creditors, or otherwise to have any claim against the estate of the Deceased, who died on the 6th day of June, 1921, are hereby required, on or before the 11th day of October next, to furnish (in writing) particulars of such claims to the undersigned Solicitors for the Administratrix of the Deceased, and, in default thereof, the Deceased's assets will be distributed, having regard only to the claims of which particulars shall have been furnished.
Dated this 8th day of September, 1921.
WM. A. SHANNON and CO., Solicitors for the said Administratrix, 19 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
MONICA MARY MILLER, late of Blindwell, Tuam, in the County of Galway, Widow, Deceased.
Take Notice that, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vict., Cap. 35, all persons claiming to be Creditors, or otherwise to have any claim or demand against the Assets of the said Monica Mary Miller, deceased, who died on the 27th day of April, 1921, are hereby required, on or before the 31st day of October, 1921, to furnish (in writing) the particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Right Honorable Mary Fitzroy Baroness Hemphill, William Creagine Burke, and Henry Francis Stephen, the Executors of the Deceased; and to whom Probate of the Will of said Deceased has been granted in the District Registry at Tuam of the King's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice in Ireland, on the 22nd day of August, 1921; and, in default thereof, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Testatrix, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 8th day of September, 1921.
FRED. SUTTON and CO., Solicitors for the said Executors, 52 Dame street, Dublin.

EDUCATION.

THE HALL, MONKSTOWN,
CO. DUBLIN.
SCHOOL RE-OPENS SEPTEMBER 16th.
The Misses VAUGHAN will be at home to interview parents on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, from 11 to 1 p.m.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
KINGSTOWN.
RE-OPENED SEPTEMBER 1st.
M. E. DEVLIN, Head Master.

The Irish Times.
PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1921. VOL. LXIII. NO.—20,101.

STAR LORRIES.
Bodies built to suit all trades.
John Hutton and Sons, Ltd., 2 Dawson st., Dublin.

THE 10 h.p. Four-seater Torpedo. Delivery ten days. Write for specification to BOOTH BROS., Upper Stephen street, DUBLIN.

OUR "Battery Hospital" is now open to all users of EXIDE BATTERIES. Overhauling, Repairing, Recharging.
AUTOCARS IRELAND, LTD., Chatham st., Dublin.
"EXIDE" SERVICE STATION.

"IMSHI."—Every Morris-Oxford and Morris-Cowley is as good as "Imshi."—Britain, Hatch st.

A FORD TOURING CAR at £220 is still the best value you can buy. Get it from the Original Ford Agents at 65 Lr. Mount st., Dublin.
R. W. ARCHER and CO.

DE DION 12/14 h.p. Touring Car on view. Old price, £795; reduced price, £660, plus carriage. A superlative car at a moderate price.—THOMPSON'S Motor Car Co., Ltd., Great Brunswick street, Dublin.

LEYLAND—The Lorry for Lords—Ashenhurst, Williams & Co., Ltd., 15 Talbot place, Dublin. THE FIRM FOR LORRIES AND TRACTORS.

SUNHEAM and Calcott Cars, Secondhand.—ROGERS, successor to McTaggart, SOUTH KING STREET, DUBLIN.

LINOLEUMS.
The variety always in stock is large, and the quality calculated for hardest wear. Inlaid Parquet Tile, Printed and Plain, in Red, Blue, Green, etc.
ANDERSON, STANFORD, & RIDGEWAY, Ltd., 28 and 29 GRAFTON STREET.

MONEY Lent by post, from £30 to £5,000 on Note of Hand alone, without security, to ladies or gentlemen; strictly private. No charge whatever if Loan is not granted. Apply SECRETARY, The City and County Private Finance Co., Ltd., 12 South Leinster street, Dublin.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL (PREPAID) ADVERTISEMENTS.
For each insertion of
12 words or under ... 1/-
Every succeeding word, One Penny.
A Discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed when a series of twelve or more insertions is prepaid. Unless prepayment is made before advertisement appears this discount will not be allowed.
Box office address counts as three words if replies are to be called for; or, when they are to be sent by post, as four words. Advertisements not prepaid are charged at a minimum of 5/- per insertion.
Publication of these advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.
ORIGINAL testimonials should not be enclosed with replies to advertisements.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.
To all seeking employment four insertions are allowed for price of three.
N.B.—GREAT CARE IS TAKEN THAT ADVERTISEMENTS IN ALL PARTS OF THIS PAPER APPEAR CORRECTLY; BUT NO LIABILITY IS UNDERTAKEN FOR ANY ERROR IN OR OMISSION OF ANY ADVERTISEMENT. PROPRIETORS RESERVE THE RIGHT TO OMIT OR ALTER ANY ADVERTISEMENT. IN MATTER WHERE OR BY WHOM ACCEPTED.
IRISH TIMES, LTD.,
WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Telephone Nos. 5050, 5051, 5037,
BRANCH OFFICES:
BELFAST—108 Royal avenue. 'Phone 1787.
CORK—13 Marlborough street. 'Phone 655.
LONDON—59 Fleet street, E.C. 4. Central 4360.

LOST AND FOUND.
LOST, at Howth, in August, Lady's Gold Watch; initials "M. H." Reward, St. Lawrence Hotel, Howth.
LOST, Dollymount Golf Links, 1st inst., Man's Silver Watch, chain band. Reward, Clinch, Stafford House, Merrion.
LOST, Kelly-Hawcourse, 26th August, Chocolate Pom Dog, "Dusty"; finder rewarded by owner.—J. O'Neill, Carrickmacross.
LOST, Wednesday, Purse, containing about £1 10/-; reward accepted. 25 Longford terrace, Monkstown.
LOST, White West Highland Dog; wrong address on collar. Reward if returned to 49 Morehampton road.
LOST, Lady's Gold Watch, with Chain and Trinklets, on People's Garden. Reward if taken to 51 Lower Leeson street.
STRAYED, White and Brown Milking Goat from 905 Upper Rathmines; reward.
10/- REWARD—Lost, between Clontarf Post Office and Hollyfrook road on Thursday, Brown Leather Pocket Book, containing letters, etc.—Miss Mulligan, Commercial Buildings, Clontarf.

SITUATIONS VACANT.
MINISTRY OF LABOUR.
The Ministry of Labour invite applications for a few permanent appointments, and for temporary specialised executive duties in the Ministry of Labour, Dublin and Provincial, on the scale £200-£15-£400 per annum, plus Civil Service Cost of Living Bonus.
Candidates must be between the ages of 25 and 30 on 1st September, 1921, but preference may be allowed to deduct from their actual age the time spent during which they were on Active Service in the Naval or Military Forces during the late War, and Established Civil Servants who have served in the Civil Service not exceeding two years, provided that the total age limit does not exceed 30 years. A special extension of the age limits to 38 years is allowed in the case of those who possess certain types of practical industrial experience.
Further information regarding the method and terms of appointment, and application forms, may be obtained from the Director of Establishments, Ministry of Labour, 3 Chichester st., Belfast. The application form, completed, must reach the Ministry of Labour not later than 14th OCTOBER, 1921.

THE HOUSE OF RECOVERY AND FEVER HOSPITAL,
CORK STREET, DUBLIN.
HOUSEKEEPER WANTED. Previous experience in an institution necessary. Salary £50 per annum.
Applications, stating experience and age, to be sent to Lady Superintendent, from whom all particulars may be obtained.

ASSISTANT—Wanted, young Lady, with knowledge of good class Ironmongery and Household Drapery for city; give full particulars and references.—Q 856, this office.

A DUBLIN Firm require good Insurance Agent or Client Collector to take up an additional appointment in city. Apply, stating present employment, what spare time is to utilise, and all particulars, to Q 1008, this office.

A GOOD Side Line offered to Travellers working Dublin; suit every kind of trade; full or part time engagement can be arranged with suitable man; particulars for interview.—Q 1009, this office.

BOOKKEEPER Wanted for Wholesale Grocery and General Business. Reply, stating age, experience, and salary expected, give reference, to Murphy Bros., Ballina.

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, young Lady, with some experience. Apply, stating religion, experience, and salary (outdoor), also send references (copy), McMurray Bros., Drapers, etc., Ballynahinch, Co. Down.

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, experienced Young Man. Apply, with references, Bailey, Philbro'road.

BOOKKEEPER required by City Firm, age from 24 to 28. Full particulars, Q 1071, this office.

COOPER Wanted for 8 or 10 weeks. State wages, references, to Manager, Cherry Bros., Ltd., Brewery, New Ross.

COMFORTABLE country Home offered Protestant with elderly couple in return housekeeping help; servant kept.—"Z 2090, Home," this office.

DEMOBILISED Soldiers and Beginners—Your living capital required. Write for catalogue and advice, 1d. Lennie, Dept. Q, 143 Roundabout London, E. 1.

DRAPERY—Experienced Salesman Wanted for Ready-made and Outfitting; Protestant; South. Apply with copies references, stating lowest salary (indoor). "Z 2065, Salesman," this office.

DRESSMAKING—Wanted, competent Bodice Maker; also Skirt Maker.—Q 1058, this office.

EXPERIENCED Woman Wanted to take charge of Furs, and Millinery; only woman with experience, who has taken charge before need apply.—Q 788, this office.

ENNISKILLEN Co-Operative Society—Wanted, Oatmeal Miller; also Storekeeper; a knowledge of simple bookkeeping would be necessary. Apply, stating wages expected, to R. J. Kelp, Manager.

GROCERY—Wanted, smart Junior Assistant, L.O.; good general house; provincial town. Apply, stating age, references, and salary (indoor), "Z 2060, Assistant," this office.

HINTS to Investors are given in the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day. Price twopence.

JEWELLER (all round) Wanted for Liverpool. Give full particulars, "Z 1977, Jeweller," this office.

LADIES—Required two Ladies, Protestants, undertake home; good salary.—G 57, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

MILLINERY and Mantle—Wanted immediately a first class Milliner, one able to make up, accustomed to a good class country trade. Protestant. Apply, stating experience, enclosing references, and salary expected (outdoor). "Z 1919, Milliner," this office.

MALE Assistant Wanted to take Charge of Grocery Counter; country grocer; Protestant preferred. Reply, stating wages (outdoor). "Z 2040, Assistant," this office.

MOTHER'S Help required, country town, boy 4 years; maid kept; comfortable home; salary £30. "Z 2069, Help," this office.

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.
NORTH Circular road—Advertisement for this Paper tioner, Ye Olde Toule House, Phoenix Park Gate, North Circular road.
NO Regulations in the Civil Service—See the Students' Page of the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day. Price twopence.
NOVELTY—Required for Provincial town, Man who with copies of references, salary (outdoor), "Z 2077, Novelty," this office.
READYMADES and Woollens—Wanted, Salesman, Fitter; also Improver. Apply, stating wages, to Q 1051, this office.
RESPECTABLE Boy Wanted. Apply Belvedere House.
STOREKEEPER in Motor Agents; must be quick and systematic; state wages.—Q 950, this office.
SHORTHAND Typist required at once, young Lady; must have experience; also Office Boy. Apply St. Dunlin's Hospital, Steevens' Hospital, Dublin.
STUDENT (Blind) requires Reader 22 hours per week; state terms; afternoons free.—Q 877, this office.
THE Latest Fashions (illustrated) appear in the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day. Price twopence.
TEMPORARY Invoice Writer required for Wholesale Drapery. Apply, stating experience and with copies of testimonials, Q 997, this office.
TYPIST required for City Office, with knowledge of Bookkeeping; salary and experience.—Q 950, this office.
VACANCIES in Railway Repair Works for smart Mechanical Engineering; premium required. Apply, with full particulars, to Q 1021, this office.
VACANCY for Junior Shorthand Typist, with about a year's experience; apply, stating salary, for an old established Typewriter company. Address "Z 2074, Vacancy," this office.
WANTED, young Lad leaving school as Junior Office Boy. Reply, in own handwriting, to Q 610, this office.
WANTED, Lady Help or Nurse, Protestant, to look after boy aged 14 years and baby later; country; good wages. "Z 1971, Help," this office.
WATCHMAKER—Wanted, first-class round Man, accustomed to high class work, at cost and wages; also Improver. "Z 1975, Watchmaker," this office.
WANTED really capable Lady Help or Nursery Governess; good needlewoman; Protestant; Dublin suburbs; Kilmacud, Stocklligh, Ardee, Louth.
WANTED, respectable Young Woman as Apprentice to Fancy Class Grocery and Provision Business; salary paid from beginning.—"Z 2020, Apprentice," this office.
WANTED, capable Mother's Help (Protestant); initial duties, young children, light washing; state salary; enclose references. Q 913, this office.
WANTED, smart Girl as Apprentice to Warerooms. Apply by letter to Q 942, this office.
WANTED, young Lady for Millinery Sales; assist and stating lowest salary (indoor); apply, enclosing copies references this office.
WANTED, intelligent Man, smart appearance, as Operator on Vacuum Cleaning Work; previous knowledge not essential; preference given to applicants accustomed to handling furniture, etc.—Apply, private houses and careful Thursday, 9th inst., between Park Gate tram and People's Garden. Reward if taken to 51 Lower Leeson street.
WANTED, Lady Help in Millinery Sales; assist and stating lowest salary (indoor); apply, enclosing copies references this office.
WANTED, intelligent Man, smart appearance, as Operator on Vacuum Cleaning Work; previous knowledge not essential; preference given to applicants accustomed to handling furniture, etc.—Apply, private houses and careful Thursday, 9th inst., between Park Gate tram and People's Garden. Reward if taken to 51 Lower Leeson street.
WANTED, young Lady for

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
AT 7.45, LAST EIGHT NIGHTS OF ROBERT COURTNEIDGE'S COMPANY IN
THE GREAT DUBLIN AND LONDON SUCCESS,
"PADDY THE NEXT BEST THING."
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.30.
USUAL PRICES. BOX OFFICE AT THEATRE.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.45.....TWICE NIGHTLY.....8.45
HORATIO NICHOLLS FIVE.
CASHEN QUARTETTE, MULLANEY BROS., Ada Durham, Julian Vedey, Signor and Madam Borelli, Karr and Koosey.
Box Office 11 to 6. Tel.—3208.

ABBEY THEATRE.
MONDAY NEXT AND FOLLOWING NIGHTS, At 8.15.
MATINEE SATURDAY 2.30.
MISS MARY SHERIDAN PRESENTS
"ELEANOR'S ENTERPRISE,"
By GEORGE A. BIRMINGHAM
(Author of "General John Regan").
Booking at Theatre. Usual Prices. 'Phone 3268.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
THE GREAT IRISH PLAY,
"FATHER MURPHY."
Seats Booked at Theatre. 2/4. Tel. 3016.
NEXT WEEK } "KNOCKNAGOW."

THE CORINTHIAN.
SHOWING TO-DAY.
"ERNEST MALTRAVERS,"
Lord Lytton's Famous Novel.
Featuring OWKLEY WRIGHT and Miss LILIAN HALL-DAVIS.
And Full Travel, Comedy, and Topical Programme.
THE FAMOUS CORINTHIAN ORCHESTRA.

MEATH HOSPITAL FETE
(LADY PERCY'S STALL).
BALL,
GRAND HOTEL, GREYSTONES.
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16th.
Dancing, 10 to 5.
TICKETS .....£1 EACH.

A SERIES OF
PUBLIC LECTURES
Will be given
In MOLESWORTH HALL, DUBLIN,
EACH FRIDAY AFTERNOON IN OCTOBER.
The Lectures will deal with Subjects of Historical, Geographical, or Classical interest, and the Lecturers will be:—
OCTOBER 7th—Captain STEPHEN GWYNN.
OCTOBER 14th—Professor GRENVILLE A. J. COLE, F.R.G.S., M.R.I.A.
OCTOBER 21st—Professor J. G. SWIFT MacNEILL, M.A.Oxon., K.C.
OCTOBER 28th—Dr. W. A. GOLIGHER, F.R.C.D.
The proceeds of the Lectures will be in aid of the Trinity College Mission Settlement in Belfast. Further information as to subjects, tickets, etc., will be announced in a few days.

SYBIL DANCES.
TO-NIGHT, 7.45,
MILLS HALL, MERRION ROW.
Mr. C. W. MADDISON'S BAND.

DANCING.
CLASSES FOR ADULTS and CHILDREN
ARRANGED BY
THE MISSES EYKYN-WARD
(Cert., London).
Fancy and Technical Dancing, Swedish Drill.
LATEST BALLROOM DANCING
(Special attention paid to style).
PRIVATE LESSONS BY APPOINTMENT.
Interviews daily, 12 noon—1 p.m.
120 LOWER BAGGOT STREET, DUBLIN.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IRISH DRAPERS' ASSISTANTS' ASSOCIATION.
(DUBLIN BRANCH.)
A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING
OF THE MEMBERS OF THE DUBLIN BRANCH
WILL BE HELD IN THE
ABBEY THEATRE
ON
THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING
AT 7.30 O'CLOCK.
IMPORTANT MATTERS WILL BE UNDER CONSIDERATION.

PLUNKETT HOUSE SCHOLARSHIP.
A Scholarship of £150 per annum, tenable for one year, beginning the 1st of October, is offered to Graduates of recognised Universities. The conditions of the Scholarship are that the successful candidate shall assist in the direction of the Co-operative Reference Library, Plunkett House, Dublin, and shall prepare a monograph on some special branch or aspect of the theory or practice of co-operation, or some other problem to be approved by the selection Committee. Candidates should forward their application in writing, together with a full statement of their qualifications, to the Librarian, Plunkett House, Dublin, who will forward further particulars of the Scholarship.

THE MUNSTER AND LEINSTER BANK, LIMITED.
A BRANCH of this BANK will be OPENED for Business at DOWNPATRICK on MONDAY, the 12th instant, under the management of Mr. J. CROKE.
(By Order of the Board)
R. LILLIS, General Manager.
Cork, 6th September, 1921.

INLAND FISHERIES, LIMERICK DISTRICT.
NOTICE.
THE LIMERICK BOARD OF CONSERVATORS hereby give Notice that they have this day, 2nd March, 1921, fixed and determined the following Times and Places for the next Meetings of Electors in each Electoral Division of the Limerick Fishery District, for the Election of Conservators for the same:—

E.D.	Time of Meeting.	Place of Meeting.	Number to be Elected
A	Monday, 3rd October, 1921, 12 o'c. noon.	Courthouse, Tarbert.	6
B	Monday, 3rd October, 1921, 12 o'c. noon.	Co. Courthouse, Limerick.	6
C	Monday, 3rd October, 1921, 12 o'c. noon.	Courthouse, Tarbert.	3
D	Monday, 3rd October, 1921, 12 o'c. noon.	Courthouse, Ennis.	3
E	Monday, 3rd October, 1921, 12 o'c. noon.	Courthouse, Killaloe.	3
F	Monday, 3rd October, 1921, 12 o'c. noon.	Courthouse, Athlone.	3

H. BINDON ALTON,
Clerk of the Board.

SERMONS.

KINGSTOWN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
SPECIAL SERVICES
In connection with the Unveiling of
A MEMORIAL WINDOW
TO THOSE MEMBERS OF THE CONGREGATION WHO FELL IN THE GREAT WAR
Will be Conducted by
Rev. D. H. HANSON, B.A., C.B.E. (of Larne),
On
SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 11th.
Hours of Service, 11.30 and 7.
Strangers will be cordially welcomed.

RAILWAYS.

DUBLIN AND LUCAN ELECTRIC RAILWAY.
SPECIAL EXCURSION FARES.
MONDAYS AND WEDNESDAYS ONLY.
From 1.45 p.m. Return Tickets will be issued from DUBLIN at the following Rates:—

	1st Class.	3rd Class.
Dublin to Spa Hotel	1/6	1/-
Dublin to Lucan	1/4	11d.
Dublin to Hermitage	1/-	

D. McDOWALL GROSART, A.M.I.E.E., J.P., Secretary, Engineer and Manager.

DUBLIN AND LUCAN ELECTRIC RAILWAY.
REDUCTION OF PASSENGER FARES.
On and after SUNDAY next, SEPTEMBER 11th, 1921.
PASSENGER FARES WILL BE REDUCED.

ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.
In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at St. Edmondsbury, Lucan, standing in a Demesne of 200 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.
The Mansion at St. Edmondsbury has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of Gentlemen.
Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital on application to the Medical Superintendent.
For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to
REGISTRAR, St. Patrick's Hospital, James's street, Dublin.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 .... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
Miss ZONA VEVEY AND Mr. MAX ERARD,
And Full Variety Company.

WINTER GARDEN.
Vocalist This Week—MISS EDITH DELANEY.

TIVOLI (6.45 and 9.) THEATRE
Tel. 4125.
THE ELLIOTTS,
In Syncopated Mirth and Harmony.
3 Henriques. Billy Hale. Piccadillians.
Dawn and Derris. Walter O'Brien.
WRAY and O'DARE.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
LAST TWO DAYS OF
H. DE VERE STACPOOLE'S
Well-known Story of Irish Life,
"GARRYOWEN."
Each day at 4.25, 6.40, and 8.55.
Edgar Comedy. Bray Pictograph, etc., etc.

LA SCALA THEATRE.
"THE OTHER PERSON,"
FROM THE FAMOUS NOVEL BY FERGUS HUME.
Featuring "ADELQUI MILLAR."
"IS THERE LIFE AFTER DEATH?"
COMEDIES. TRAVELS. ORCHESTRA.
NEXT WEEK.
"HUMORESQUE."
"THIS IS A BIG ONE."

"ALLSPORTS"
CARNIVAL,
RATHMINES.
JOINT FETE
ROYAL HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES (DONNYBROOK)
AND
LEINSTER CRICKET CLUB.
NOTICE TO MOTORISTS.
In connection with the Opening of the above Fête on Thursday Next, 15th September, there will be
A GREAT PROCESSION
OF DECORATED MOTOR CARS
THROUGH THE CITY,
STARTING FROM RUTLAND SQUARE AT 3.30 p.m.
NO ENTRANCE FEE.
SPLENDID PRIZES.
ENTER YOUR CAR TO-DAY.
Full particulars from
Mr. LEO CALLOW—R. Callow and Sons, Westland row.
Mr. J. P. BURNEY—Burney Bros., 61 Bronswick street.
Mr. F. O'DONEL—R. W. Archer and Co., 65 Lower Mount street.
Mr. H. SUMMERFIELD—Harry Ferguson, Ltd., Lower Baggot street.
Mr. G. F. DENISON-BROAD—Grafton Motor Co., Grafton street.
Mr. P. J. M'NAMARA—Lincoln Motor Co., Lincoln place;
Or HON. SEC., Leinster Cricket Club, Rathmines.

DANCE TO-MORROW, 8.15 TO 11 P.M.
TOWN HALL, DUN LAOGHAIRE (KINGSTOWN).
Mr. Manahan's Band.
T. LEGGETT BYRNE.

DANCE, SALTHILL HOTEL,
MONKSTOWN,
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY),
7.30 to 11 p.m.

RETURN VISIT OF
MR. FRANKLIN, M.V.O.A.,
TO DUBLIN.
CONSULT HIM FREE AT THE
CENTRAL HALL,
8, 10 & 12 EXCHEQUER STREET.
IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE NUMEROUS APPLICATIONS MR. FRANKLIN, the London Eyesight Expert, received from his numerous clients in Dublin and outlying districts, he has decided to visit Dublin for 10 days only, commencing Monday, 12th September.
Mr. Franklin during that time will examine the eyes of all sufferers who come to him Free of Charge, and will advise and prescribe, if necessary. If it is merely a temporary weakness he will tell you so, because he does not want you to wear glasses unless they are actually needed. He charges nothing for consultation, and invites everyone who is troubled with—(1) Weak or Failing Sight; (2) Eyes that Ache after Reading or Sewing; (3) Inability to Distinguish Faces across the road; (4) Dull Aching behind the eyes; (5) Blurred Vision; (6) Burning, Twitching, or Inflamed Eyes; (7) Eye Sensitiveness to Strong Light; (8) Squinting; (9) Difficulty in Seeing Distant Objects; (10) Difficulty in Reading Small Print; (11) Headache (caused through eye-strain), to call and see him. Even he will at once tell them, free of charge, what the prospects are for the partial or total correction of their eye trouble. In the event of his discovering any organic diseases of the eyes, Mr. Franklin will not prescribe himself, but will recommend you to consult the nearest oculist in the town. It cannot be impressed too plainly upon the reader that this advice is quite free.
WHO IS MR. FRANKLIN?
Mr. Franklin has been for some years, and is still, established as a scientific optician in London, at 34 Strand (three doors from Charing Cross), during which time he has examined nearly 100,000 patients and has fitted them with glasses. Mr. Franklin is the originator of Gamage's first optical sale, held in 1911, when in six weeks he fitted and prescribed glasses for over 10,000 people, and gave them complete satisfaction. This constitutes a world's record, and what he has done for others he can certainly do for you. He holds the gold medal given by the Universal Exhibition in 1915, and also optical diplomas. He has come to offer his services to the afflicted perfectly free. He will not recommend glasses unless they are absolutely necessary. Highest to the lowest are all treated alike, and are blessing him for his skill and timely help that have saved them from comparative blindness.
SCALE OF CHARGES.
Owing to the absence of the "middleman," these glasses, although of the finest quality and workmanship, can be supplied at a really nominal price, five shillings and sixpence being the cost of an average pair of lenses, which are of the finest quality and scientifically ground. In cases where special compound or Bifocal Lenses are required, additional charges will be made. Frames from 2s. 6d. upwards.
REMEMBER.
As Mr. Franklin will not be able to spare more than ten days for Dublin, it would be well to cut this out to remind you that the dates when you can see him will be from Monday, 12th September, till 21st September, inclusive, at the CENTRAL HALL, 8, 10, and 12 Exchequer street, and do not neglect to call upon him. Never neglect your eyes. Remember that the trifle of to-day becomes the terror of to-morrow.
HOURS: 10—1. 2—7.30 p.m.
All 1915, 1917, and 1918 patients are respectfully invited to come and have their eyes re-tested and lenses changed free of charge, as per Mr. Franklin's ten years' guarantee.

ADVERTISEMENTS.
The following is the order of advertisements in to-day's INDEX TABLE:—

FIRST PAGE.	SIXTH PAGE.
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.	Auctions.
Education.	Houses and Lands.
Legal Notices.	Garden, etc.
Shipping.	Poultry, Eggs, Dairy, &c.
Hotels.	Furniture & Household.
Horses.	Music, Pianos, etc.
Lost and Found.	Dress for Sale & Wanted.
Situations Vacant and Wanted.	Horses, etc.
Medical.	Dogs for Sale & Wanted.
Specific Articles for Sale and Wanted.	Pultons.
SECOND PAGE.	Schools.
Amusements.	Stabling to Let and Wanted.
Public Notices.	Business Premises.
Sermons.	Houses to Let & Wanted.
Railways.	Apartments.
	Seaside and Country.
	Miscellaneous.
	Cycles and Motor Cars.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
GENTLEMEN'S WATERPROOF AND RAINPROOF COATS.
SYPHONIA (FEATHER-WEIGHT) WATERPROOF COATS,
FROM 42/-
PATTERNS AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.
LEGGINGS, LEATHER, BOX CLOTH, CANVAS, &c.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
45 & 46 LR. SACKVILLE ST., 76 MID. ABBEY STREET, 24 NASSAU STREET, 55 DAWSON STREET, } DUBLIN.
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

BY APPOINTMENT. BY APPOINTMENT.
WEST & SON
Jewellers, Silversmiths, and Watchmakers,
Invite inspection of their Large and Varied Stock of
RINGS,
In all the Most Up-to-date Styles.
DIAMONDS, EMERALDS, PEARLS, SAPPHIRES, and RUBIES of the Finest Quality, in all PLATINUM SETTINGS.
SHOWROOMS:
GRAFTON HOUSE.
102 & 103 GRAFTON STREET,
DUBLIN.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR (SUMMER TIME).

To-day	Morning	5.33	Evening 6. 6
To-morrow	"	6.43	" 7.21
SUNRISE AND SUNSET (SUMMER TIME).			
To-day	Rises	6.47	Sets 7.57
To-morrow	"	6.49	" 7.54

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 8.57 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Gaiety—"Paddy The Next Best Thing," 7.45 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"Father Murphy," 6.45 and 9.
Empire Theatre—6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—6.45 and 9 p.m.
La Scala Theatre—Pictures, continuous.
The Corinthian Picture Theatre—Continuous.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, 3.30 to 10.15 p.m.

The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1921.

We print to-day the text of the Prime Minister's reply to Mr. de Valera's latest Note.—(P. 3.)

Dublin master bakers are considering the question of reducing the price of bread.—(P. 3.)

At Lucan yesterday Peter Keenan was returned for trial on a charge of having murdered Stephen Geoghegan in July last by shooting him.—(P. 2.)

The Castle of Kylemore, in Connemara, was opened yesterday as the permanent home of the Irish Benedictine Dames of Ypres, who were rendered homeless when the Germans shelled Ypres.—(P. 2.)

The Prince of Wales was present yesterday at the gathering of the Braemar Royal Highland Society.—(P. 3.)

"Science and the Workman" was among the subjects discussed at the British Association meeting yesterday.—(P. 3.)

There were further demonstrations by the unemployed yesterday in England and Scotland. Many public bodies are about to open relief works.—(P. 3.)

The Board of Trade returns for August show a decrease of £64,762,266 in imports and a decrease of £63,557,028 in exports compared with August of last year.—(P. 5.)

The Trades Union Congress at Cardiff passed a resolution demanding the representation of Labour on the Disarmament Conference at Washington.—(P. 3.)

At yesterday's League of Nations meeting, M. Branting complained of delay in rendering decisions effective. Lord Robert Cecil warmly defended the League.—(P. 3.)

At Newcastle, Co. Down, yesterday, Mr. D. W. Smyth, of the Royal Co. Down Club, defeated Mr. J. Gorry, of the Co. Kildare Club, in the final of the Irish Open Amateur Championship on the 36th green.—(P. 4.)

The sensation of the London Stock Markets was the collapse of Grand Trunk Prefs. and Ordinary on the adverse award. Very easy conditions still obtain in the Loan and Discount market. Dublin Exchange was without feature.—(P. 5.)

The Cabinet's Reply.

The Cabinet's reply to Mr. de Valera's last letter is unanimous and final. Ireland must remain within the British Empire—of her own free will or under compulsion. If she chooses to remain of her own free will, she may have for the asking every right and privilege that membership of the Empire can bestow. The Cabinet deals firmly with Mr. de Valera's claim that the principle of "government by consent of the governed" entitles Ireland to become an independent Republic. The logical pursuit of this abstraction in a concrete society would lead the world back to tribalism, and "conference on such a basis is impossible." On the other hand, *Dail Eireann* can accept the Cabinet's invitation to conference without surrendering beforehand a single particle of any true asset of national liberty. If it thinks that the abandonment of the Republican claim is likely to prejudice Irish freedom in any way, it can raise at the conference the subject of guarantees on the points which seem to be in danger. Acceptance of the invitation will imply that *Dail Eireann* does not repudiate allegiance to the Crown: that is the vital and only condition on which the conference is proposed. The question will remain whether the Government's offer does, or does not, embody "the fullest freedom of national development within the Empire." That question can be thrashed out at the conference; there is no aspect of it which the *Sinn Fein* delegates will not be entitled to explore. The Cabinet shows extraordinary consideration for the difficulties in which Mr. de Valera has involved himself by his passion for dialectics. It furnishes him with a way of escape from these entanglements in the brilliant formula which it proposes as the terms of reference to the conference—"to ascertain how the association of Ireland with the community of nations known as the British Empire can best be reconciled with Ireland's national aspirations." It is suggested that the conference shall be held on the 20th *instant* at Inverness.

The Irish public will note the contrast between *Dail Eireann's* vague manifestoes and the Cabinet's final message. This short document is a masterpiece of draftsmanship. Every word has its meaning. Every sentence is a clear indication either of the one thing that the conference cannot do or of its otherwise boundless possibilities. The net fact emerges that Ireland is presented to-day with a magnificent opportunity for the full and permanent settlement of her age-long controversy with Great Britain. All that her national leaders have sought for centuries, all for which Davis, O'Connell, Butt, Parnell, and Redmond strove, is thrown into her lap to-day—and far more than all. It is plain that the Cabinet wishes Mr. de Valera to understand that, save for the one condition of the Imperial *nexus*, the conference, if it is held, will be absolutely unconditional. We assume, and hope, that none of the Government's six reservations has been abandoned; but this reply shows that they may be discussed and that the Government will listen to all proposals on the subject of guarantees. *Dail Eireann's* later communications have seemed to subordinate the republican claim to criticism of the Prime Minister's definition of "Dominion *status*." It has argued that his definition was narrower and less liberal than General Smuts's definition. To-day Mr. de Valera is invited to transfer all these and other such arguments from the pages of the *Irish Bulletin* to the conference table at Inverness. The Cabinet's formula entitles him to plead Ireland's case for Dominion Home Rule in the very widest construction of the term. It entitles him to raise the project of a Dual Monarchy. In a word, it challenges him to come now, once for all, to the very root of the matter, and to help British statesmanship to devise a scheme whereby a real and equal partnership between these two islands may be established within the Empire for the rest of time.

This wonderful offer must be the supreme test of *Sinn Fein's* statesmanship. If it is accepted, it will put Mr. de Valera and his colleagues to a proof which we hope, for Ireland's sake, that they will be able to satisfy. It will require them to show that they possess the larger vision which rises, on due occasion, above party passion and prejudice, and that they can build as well as destroy. If the offer is rejected, we shall find in that calamity one, and only one, very minute grain of consolation. We shall know—the whole world will know—that the men who could spurn the nation's greatest opportunity since the days of Henry II., who at her most crucial moment could put pedantry before patriotism, who could doom her afresh to the horrors of civil strife, were not fit to govern this or any other country. Under govern this or any other country. Under such men any tolerable form of self-government would have been impossible. We are unwilling for a thousand reasons, however, to anticipate the need of such dismal comfort. If Mr. de Valera accepts the Cabinet's offer, many problems will arise which must give the gravest anxiety to all Irish Unionists, but this is not the moment for their discussion. The urgent need is that he shall accept the offer without further question or delay. It is plain and straightforward, and the dreadful alternative is put frankly in the Prime Minister's message to the Trades Union Congress. The time has passed for such luxuries of debate as the retort courteous or the counter-check quarrelsome. The Cabinet's invitation demands from Mr. de Valera a simple "Yes" or "No," and Ireland's whole destiny hangs upon his answer.

Labour and Disarmament.

Mr. J. H. Thomas's speech on disarmament at Cardiff yesterday was a curious mixture of sense and nonsense. He introduced a resolution at the Trades Union Congress welcoming the American President's proposal to hold a conference at Washington and demanding that organised Labour should be admitted to its councils. In his approval of Mr. Harding's desire to bring about a general reduction of armaments Mr. Thomas spoke not only for Labour, but for the whole British community. He included, however, in his resolution a strong protest against what he was pleased to term "Britain's extensive programme of armaments," which, he alleged, was contrary to the spirit of the movement towards world peace and was putting an intolerable burden on the taxpayers. All the Government's talk about economy, he declared, was "humbug and hypocrisy," because just at a time when money was being saved on housing and education millions were being squandered "recklessly" on new battleships. Within two years of the signing of the Treaty of Versailles Britain actually had laid down four ships of war. If our representatives go to Washington, Mr. Thomas said, they must go "with clean hands," and Britain must stop building battleships as a proof of good faith. Surely Mr. Thomas cannot be serious. Of all the Great Powers—except Germany—Britain alone has made any real progress in disarmament since the end of the war. While America and Japan are engaged in a frantic competition in naval construction, Britain has not a single battleship later than the Hood, and even that does not embody the vital lessons of the Battle of Jutland. America, it is true, has issued the invitations to the Washington Conference; but has she done anything else? Even now she intends to complete her naval programme, and then she will be in a position virtually to dictate disarmament to the rest of the world. We have as much admiration for the American Republic as Mr. Thomas has, but we fail to see why it should be extolled to the skies, while Britain is reviled because she has replaced eight obsolete units of her Fleet by four new battleships. She is not building those ships against anybody. She needs them far more than America needs her imposing Armada. She has her Dominions to protect throughout the globe, and, if the American coast is in danger from Japan, Australia and New Zealand are in danger *a fortiori*, alliance or no alliance. Mr. Thomas's allegations are absurd. Britain wants peace more sincerely, because she needs it more urgently, than any other Great Power on earth. She has a debt of eight thousand millions hanging like a millstone round her neck. Her people are taxed to the limit of endurance. The Empire's domestic problems are still unsolved and are growing in number and importance every day. Britain has given proof of her good faith not once, but a hundred times. Her Army now is smaller than the Army of Poland. Her Navy is obsolescent, and, indeed, largely obsolete. What more can Mr. Thomas ask?

Cheaper Bread.

At Liverpool on Tuesday the price of the quartern loaf was reduced to one shilling. Yesterday the London master bakers decided to follow the Lancashire example. To-day we announce that in the near future cheaper bread may be obtainable in Dublin. The London master bakers' hands were forced. Their organisation is far from complete and that wholesome element, competition, made them capitulate to the public's demand. In many parts of the city the loaf has been sold at a shilling for several weeks, and in the poorer districts elevenpence has been the "over the counter" price since the beginning of the month. The plea that a reduction from thirteen pence would involve the use of inferior flour could not prevail in face of the fact that bakers who were not in the "ring" were able to make a reasonable margin of profit by selling bread of a good quality for a shilling a loaf. It is certain that within a very short time a shilling will be the *maximum* price throughout Great Britain, and the bakers will make a sad mistake if they try to establish it as the *minimum*. Public opinion, especially in the large industrial areas where unemployment and its attendant evils are rife, insists that there must be further reductions in the near future. So far as Dublin is concerned, it would be too much to expect that master bakers should reduce their charges by twopence-halfpenny at one sweep. They are obliged to meet heavy transport charges and their employés are paid at a very high rate. These factors must be taken into consideration. Nevertheless, it will be a disappointment if they cannot make a substantial reduction at once and hold out the hope that the shilling loaf will be obtainable within a reasonable time.

The Rule of the Road.

After four years of ceaseless effort the London "Safety First" Council has gained official favour for one of its most cherished schemes. The Council holds that the existing "rule of the road" is a prolific cause of street accidents. Foot passengers are exhorted to "keep to the right," while the drivers of vehicles are prosecuted when they fail to drive on the left hand side of the roadway. This, the Council thinks, is a "ridiculous" state of affairs. The criticism is not without justification. All of us are creatures of habit. Confusion is invited when the citizen who takes to cycling or motoring is compelled to develop a habit which is different from that which he was encouraged to acquire as a pedestrian. He is apt to lose his sense of direction and to get into difficulties. A common rule for the roadway and the pavement would be an undoubted advantage. It is permissible to ask, however, whether the Council's plan is the best that can be devised. It suggests that every local authority shall insist upon foot passengers keeping to the left instead of to the right. In every country in the world, except the United Kingdom, vehicular traffic is compelled to keep to the right. Motorists from other countries—and the number is not small—find a difficulty in conforming to our rule. Why should not the change apply to the roadway instead of to the pavement? If that were done, the United Kingdom would be brought under the universal rule.

BAKERS' EXHIBITION.

BELFAST AND CORK WIN MOST OF THE PRIZES.

At the Confectioners' and Bakers' Exhibition at the Agricultural Hall, Islington, London, yesterday, there was much interest in the classes for Irish bread.

In Class 8, for one square of four-sided batch loaf, about 2lbs., the gold medal and diploma were awarded to the United Co-operative Bakers' Society, Belfast. The silver medal went to Messrs. John McWatters, Ltd., of Belfast, and the bronze medal to Mr. Hugh Stevenson, Belfast and Londonderry.

In Class 9, for one hexagon or six-sided batch loaf, about 2lbs., the gold medal fell to the Ormeau Baking Company, Belfast, the silver medal to the United Co-operative Baking Society, Belfast, and the bronze medal to Messrs. McWatters, Ltd., Belfast.

In Class 10, for one turnover or grinder loaf, the gold medal and diploma went to Mr. G. O'Neill, Kinsale; the silver medal to Messrs. J. Hosford and Sons, Cork, and the bronze medal to Messrs. F. H. Thompson and Sons, Cork.

In Class 11, for one oblong open pan loaf, all types, about 2lbs., all the awards went to Cork. The gold medal and diploma fell to Messrs. J. Hosford and Sons, the silver medal to Messrs. F. H. Thompson and Sons, and the bronze medal to Mr. H. O'Shea, Cork.

In Class 12, for one Coburg (or Cork skull type of bread), the Irish Association of Master Bakers' Challenge Shield was secured by the Ormeau Bakers' Company, Belfast. The second prize went to the United Co-operative Baking Society, and the third prize to Messrs. F. H. Thompson and Sons.

In Class 13, for one brown loaf of any variety, the prize fell to Messrs. Andrew Reid and Son, Coleraine.

The Irish Association of Master Bakers' Challenge Trophy, for the best loaf in Classes 8 to 11, was won by Messrs. J. Hosford and Sons, Cork.

IRISH RAILWAYS.

ARBITRATION TRIBUNAL'S SITTINGS CONCLUDED.

The Irish Railways Arbitration Tribunal, which was appointed to consider the matter of wages and conditions of service of the Irish railwaymen, concluded its deliberations on Wednesday evening. The tribunal opened at the Shelbourne Hotel on the 22nd August, and sat daily in public until the 31st August. The members of the tribunal continued the consideration of their findings in private, and, as stated, completed their labours on Wednesday evening. It was stated yesterday that no information could be given at present as to when the award will be issued.

WORLD'S POULTRY CONGRESS.

The interest in the World's Poultry Congress, which was opened on Monday by Queen Wilhelmina at The Hague, has been well maintained. Her Majesty was received at the Irish section by the Secretary of the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, who had earlier in the day been presented to her.

At the opening of the Congress proper at the Kurhaus, Scheveningen, at which the Queen and the Prince Consort were present, Mr. Gill was among those called upon to speak to the address to the Queen.

Since the Congress opened there has been a steady stream of visitors from all countries to the Irish section, which occupies what is regarded as the best position at the Exhibition. The marketing display was the centre of special interest.

There were many Irish visitors to the section, including several instructors in poultry-keeping (who had arranged their holidays to synchronise with the Congress), as well as trade representatives.

WATER POWER AND IRISH INDUSTRY.

The Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland have printed as a separate pamphlet the paper by Sir John Griffith on "Water Power and Irish Industrial Development," read at the recent Irish Technical Congress, and the discussion thereon, in which Messrs. George Fletcher (Assistant Secretary, Technical Instruction Branch), L. J. Kettle (Dublin City Electrical Engineer), G. Marshall Harris (General Manager, Dublin United Tramways Company), and Professor Jeffcott (Professor of Engineering, Royal College of Science for Ireland) took part.

NEWSPAPER CHANGES.

Mr. Meredith T. Whittaker, of the *Scarborough Evening News*, has purchased the *Scarborough Daily Post* and the *Scarborough Weekly Post*. The *Daily Post* (an evening paper) will cease publication after October 1st. The *Weekly Post* will be published as hitherto.

SHOP MURDER TRIAL.

Thomas Clanwaring, 26, who is accused of the murder of Alice Maud Lawn in her shop in Cambridge on July 27, was brought before the magistrates and remanded at Cambridge yesterday.

After the opening statement by counsel a woman friend of the murdered woman said that the man lived at Miss Lawn's house about two years. The witness did not think he had visited Miss Lawn since he left an asylum. She did not know of any romance connected with Miss Lawn and the man.

Horace Lawn, brother of the deceased, said that his sister complained that the man had called, and had almost demanded lodgings.

BOOKS OF THE WEEK.

Our reviews of Books of the Week are unavoidably held over until to-morrow.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
THURSDAY NIGHT.

The *Sinn Fein* leaders have been invited to meet the Prime Minister and his colleagues in conference at Inverness on September 20th, the sole preliminary condition insisted upon being that Ireland must remain an integral part of the British Empire. That means, presumably, that the *Sinn Fein* representatives will be able to discuss freely every aspect of the Irish problem, including the question of tariff, and the position of Ulster.

While a hopeful feeling has been produced in some quarters by this morning's announcement, I cannot say that it extends to those who are best acquainted with the present phase of the Irish question. They point out that, while the British Government have made large advances for the sake of peace, they have so far been met with no reciprocal concession at the hands of *Sinn Fein*. Mr. de Valera, so far as his published utterances are concerned, remains exactly where he was when he first entered upon his negotiations with Mr. Lloyd George, and it is by no means certain that he will move forward even now?

It is so important, for the sake of both Britain and Ireland, that an end should be put to the exchange of futile generalities, and that the *Sinn Fein* leaders should be compelled to come to grips with the real facts of the situation, that I could almost wish that the Cabinet, having gone so far, should have made their invitation absolutely unconditional.

As the *Westminster Gazette* observes to-night, first the risk involved would have been wholly theoretical. To allow the Irish leaders freedom of choice is not a dangerous matter when there can be only one choice. Ireland knows, as we know, that she must remain within the circle of the British Empire. More, perhaps, than any other nation in the world, she is dependent for her prosperity and for her very national life upon her big neighbour. Cut off from Great Britain, exposed to tariffs and to the exaction of necessary guarantees of safety—to all the pressure, in fact, that a powerful country can exercise upon a poorer and weaker neighbour—her population and her prosperity would dwindle at a rate never known in her history. In her own interests, Ireland would be compelled in such circumstances to plead for admission to the Empire circle. That would be the first condition of her national existence and would be conceded as the very first term in any agreement reached at the conference. Sovereign independence is, in fact, not possible for Ireland, even if the British peoples were prepared to concede it, which they are not.

Attention is called to-day in a morning paper to a fact which is often overlooked. Should Ireland secure separation, and become an independent foreign country, what would happen to the many thousands of Irishmen employed in service under the British Crown throughout the Empire? They would become aliens, and be unable to serve in the Civil Service, a fact which ought to appeal to those who know how strong a body of Irishmen is employed in that service. Then again, private employers will at once view a foreign Irishman with different eyes, and will prefer to give their work to a Briton. It would logically follow that Britons would not be welcomed as workers in Ireland, for they would be foreigners there just as much as the Irish in Britain. Still, the possibility must be reckoned with if Mr. de Valera maintains that his Republic is a real one, and can insure that it remains one.

The Cabinet Committee on unemployment is to get to work at once, and it is understood that Sir Alfred Mond is busily engaged in preliminaries. It seems certain that a considerable amount of work is available for unskilled labour if the money can be found, and the sooner that matter is arranged the better. It would be false economy to postpone work until the winter is upon us and discontent and starvation play their part. The more work that is done the greater will be the turnover of the capital involved, and employment, even on unproductive work, will soon breed employment on productive work. A million pounds a week spent on public work would mean prosperity to many trades, with consequent increase of employment.

The Ministry of Health has taken definite action regarding the fanciful sums now being given by some of the suburban boards of guardians to the unemployed. While expressing sympathy with the difficulties of the guardians, it lays down that no relief should exceed the wages of the working men of the district. Islington's three-and-a-half guineas a week is said to be a good way beyond the average wages of the labourers of the district. If the guardians go beyond this authorised scale, they become personally responsible for any amounts expended in excess.

Yet another addition has been made to the Indian tour of the Prince of Wales, and it has now been arranged that he will pay a brief visit to Burma. It is understood that the Prince may proceed by sea from Calcutta to Rangoon. The Prince, who will be the first Prince of Wales to set foot in the old Burmese capital of Mandalay, is certain to have a great welcome.

London is to have a Gilbert and Sullivan season at the Prince's Theatre next month, and an interesting feature will be a revival of "Ruddigore," which has not been revived in London since its original production at the Savoy Theatre in 1887. "Cox and Box," which, by the way, is Sullivan, but not Gilbert—for the "book" was adapted by F. C. Burnand—is also to be played. The company is to be headed by Mr. Henry Lytton, now the *doyen* of Gilbert and Sullivan players.

I was present at the first performance of "Ruddigore" at the Savoy Theatre, and well remember the curiosity that it excited. Miss Jessie Bond and Mr. Rutland Barrington brought down the house with their duet, and Miss Bond scored a personal triumph in the "Mad Song"—one of the most ambitious things that Sullivan ever wrote or she ever sang. But the opera, as a whole, though much praised by the experts, was a little over the head of the general playgoer, and never quite caught on, as its predecessors had done. As it was also very expensive to produce, its non-revival in London during all these years is easily explained.

It is probable that London is in for a regular Chaplin jamboree next week. The film favourite is expected to arrive in London on Saturday morning, and he will go to the Ritz Hotel, favoured by Douglas Fairbanks and Mary Pickford, so that a crowd may be expected to gather in Piccadilly to watch every movement of their favourite comedian. Mr. Chaplin, however, looks so very different in private clothes from his film appearance that he will have little difficulty in eluding the crowds if he so desires. Still, he has promised to pay visits to the haunts of his youth in Walworth and Kennington, and it may be regarded as certain that these visits will not be *incognito*.

FUNERAL OF MR. JOSEPH WATSON CONNELL.

The funeral of Mr. Joseph Watson Connell, for a number of years manager of the Belfast Banking Company in Dublin, first at North City branch, and latterly at head office in College Green, and who died suddenly on the 5th inst., took place from his residence, 1 Palmerston Park, yesterday morning, and was attended by—Mrs. Blair (sister), Rev. J. Blair, W. Blood Smyth, J. Blood Smyth, C. W. Blood Smyth, E. H. Bailey (brothers-in-law), and large numbers of the general public. The Dublin Rotary Club, of which Mr. Connell was a member, was represented by the President, Charles M'Gloughlin; Vice-Presidents, W. A. McConnell, O.B.E., President, B.A.R.C.; Secretary, Sealy Jeffares; Hon. Treasurer, William Lawrence, jun.; J

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S FINAL OFFER.

FULL LIBERTY WITHIN THE EMPIRE.

INVITATION TO CONFERENCE ON SEPTEMBER 20.

GUARANTEES TO BE DISCUSSED.

DEFINITE REPLY DEMANDED.

Mr. Lloyd George's reply was handed to Mr. de Valera last evening.

It rules out of consideration an interpretation of the principle of government by consent of the governed which might involve the setting up of a republic and repudiation of the Crown.

On the other hand, Sinn Fein is invited to discuss the Government's proposals on their merits, so that there may be no doubt as to the scope and sincerity of their intentions.

In such a conference the question of guarantees could be raised.

To decline to discuss a settlement within the Empire could only mean repudiation of the Crown and of all membership of the British Commonwealth. Discussion on those lines could serve no useful purpose.

Any supposed shortcomings in the Government's proposals could be explored at the conference at Inverness on September 20th.

The correspondence has lasted long enough, and His Majesty's Government now asks for a definite reply.

Whether Sinn Fein will accept the Premier's invitation or reject it is not known, but it is thought that the reply may be a conditional acceptance and that it will be sent before the end of this week.

THE REPLY.

DEFINING THE TERMS.

The following copy of the text of the Cabinet's reply to Mr. de Valera's letter to Mr. Lloyd George, of August 30th, 1921, was issued last night:—

Town Hall, Inverness,
September 7, 1921.

SIR,—His Majesty's Government have considered your letter of August 30th, and have to make the following observations upon it.

The principle of government by consent of the governed is the foundation of British constitutional development, but we cannot accept as a basis of practical conference an interpretation of that principle which would commit us to any demands which you might present—even to the extent of setting up a republic, and repudiating the Crown. You must be aware that conference on such a basis is impossible. So applied, the principle of government by consent of the governed would undermine the fabric of every democratic State, and drive the civilised world back into tribalism.

On the other hand, we have invited you to discuss our proposals on their merits, in order that you may have no doubt as to the scope and sincerity of our intentions. It would be open to you in such a conference to raise the subject of guarantees on any points in which you may consider Irish freedom prejudiced by these proposals.

POSITION STATED.

His Majesty's Government are loth to believe that you will insist upon rejecting their proposals without examining them in conference. To decline to discuss a settlement which would bestow upon the Irish people the fullest freedom of national development within the Empire can only mean that you repudiate all allegiance to the Crown, and all membership of the British Commonwealth. If we were to draw this inference from your letter, then further discussion between us could serve no useful purpose, and all conference would be vain. If, however, we are mistaken in this inference, as we still hope, and your real objection to our proposals is that they offer Ireland less than the liberty which we have described, that objection can be explored at a conference.

You will agree that this correspondence has lasted long enough. His Majesty's Government must, therefore, ask for a definite reply as to whether you are prepared to enter a conference to ascertain how the association of Ireland with the community of nations known as the British Empire can best be reconciled with Irish national aspirations. If, as we hope, your answer is in the affirmative, I suggest that the Conference should meet at Inverness on the 20th instant.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,

D. LLOYD GEORGE.

Eamon de Valera, Esq.

MEANING OF THE NOTE.

LIMITS AND ALTERNATIVES.

Interviewed last evening on the subject of the Note, an important representative of the Government said:—The chief points are the futility of further exchanges of Notes, an assertion of the Government's willingness to meet Sinn Fein in frank discussion, with the sincere desire to do everything possible to satisfy legitimate Irish aspirations, and a reiteration of the impossibility of negotiating, except on the basis of the retention of Ireland within the Empire.

The Minister added that the Premier and every one of his colleagues were actuated by the sincere desire to secure peace and good-will, but there was a limit beyond which men who had taken the oath of Cabinet Ministers, and had sworn allegiance to the Crown, could not go, and it must be patent to any thinking person that neither the present, nor any other, British Government could begin to discuss proposals based on dismembering the Empire, and permitting a severed portion to become an independent Republic.

PATIENT AND CONSIDERATE.

The Government, he claimed, had been patient, considerate, and generous in dealing with Ireland, and was prepared for sympathetic examination of any proposals which did not violate the principle named.

Asked about the situation that would arise in the event of the refusal of the present invitation, the Minister said that he hesitated to contemplate such folly, but he presumed that refusal would compel the Government to proceed with the Government of Ireland Act, and to govern Ireland—in view of a position which might be forced upon the Government against its will—an alternative, which, however distasteful, demanded consideration.

PREMIER TO TRADES UNION CONGRESS.

BLOODSHED BETTER THAN DISRUPTION.

The reply made by Mr. Lloyd George yesterday to the Trades Union representation is interesting and important. The Premier telegraphed as follows:—

"The President, the Trades Union Congress, Cardiff.

"I have to thank you for your telegram of September 6th, from Cardiff, regarding the Irish negotiations. No one is more opposed than His Majesty's Government to bloodshed, and, most of all, to a fratricidal war between citizens of the same empire. But I have the authority of the greatest democratic statesman in history for the belief that even bloodshed is better than the disruption of a living political organism, whose strength and unity are essential to the freedom of the world."

SINN FEIN AND THE REPLY.

INVITATION MAY BE ACCEPTED.

The reply of the Cabinet to Mr. de Valera's latest letter reached Dublin last evening. It was conveyed from Inverness by Mr. Robert Barton, M.P., who arrived at Kingstown by the evening mail boat from Holyhead. Mr. Barton went at once to Mr. de Valera's residence at Blackrock, where he delivered the letter.

Afterwards copies were sent to Dail Eireann's headquarters, at the Mansion House, where they were handed to the Press representatives.

It is believed that a meeting of the Dail Eireann Cabinet was summoned at once to consider the reply, and if it is found necessary to submit the matter to a full meeting of the Dail this will be held at the earliest moment. In any case, it is believed that a reply will be sent before the end of the week.

Owing to the fact that comparatively few people had been permitted to see the text, there was very little to be gleaned last night as to the attitude of Sinn Fein in regard to it. Certain it is that there was no question of the leaders being down-hearted. Neither were they, however, unduly elated.

WHAT MAY HAPPEN.

Mr. Lloyd George's reply is regarded as being divided into two parts: the first stating the essential facts from the point of view of the British Cabinet; the second conveying an invitation "to ascertain how the association of Ireland with the community of nations known as the British Empire can best be reconciled with Irish national aspirations." The latter proposal, it is gathered, could be accepted at once, provided always that such acceptance did not commit Dail Eireann to the acceptance of certain statements in the earlier part of the Premier's letter.

It is believed that the reply will ultimately be an acceptance of the invitation to a conference at Inverness on the 20th inst., though it may contain reservations on the points which may be regarded as controversial.

MOVEMENTS OF MINISTERS.

IN READINESS FOR CONFERENCE.

The Inverness party of Ministers has broken up, says the Press Association, Special correspondent. It had a tearful send-off, for the glorious sunshine of Wednesday was succeeded by leaden skies and persistent showers yesterday.

The Prime Minister will probably remain in Scotland for some weeks. He has invitations

Extracts from "The Times" of to-day will be found in the seventh column of this page.

to many interesting centres, but is likely to spend most of his time at Gairloch. His hint to Provost MacDonald that the Cabinet might again be glad to avail itself of the kindness of Inverness contemplated not only the invitation to Mr. de Valera to send delegates on the 20th, but also the virtual certainty that the Premier will need to summon his colleagues to a preliminary conference on Irish and other vital matters.

The Delegate Conference, if it takes place, will be a much smaller gathering than that of Wednesday, but the British representatives will enter it with the weight of the opinion of the whole Cabinet behind them.

Lord Fitzalan left Inverness yesterday morning for Glasgow, whence he proceeded by destroyer to Dublin, while General Macready has returned to Ireland from Gairloch direct.

The Secretary for Scotland remains for the present at Inverness, and has sent a representative to the Cabinet Committee on Unemployment, which is being held in London to-day. Sir Eric Geddes left early yesterday morning. Other Ministers have gone to different parts of Scotland, within easy reach of the temporary Government headquarters, to be available if, and when, their chief requires their presence.

Sir Hamar Greenwood left yesterday afternoon for Speyside, and will hold himself in readiness to join the Premier as occasion may arise.

LONDON OPTIMISTIC.

PROSPECTS OF PEACE GOOD.

The Prime Minister's letter to Mr. de Valera was not generally known in London last night, says the Staff News Political Correspondent, but in political clubs it was keenly discussed and met with universal approval. It is admired as much for what it says as for the restraint shown by the Cabinet in ignoring matter which might clearly be provocative.

The essence of the letter is regarded as consisting in the fact that it pins the Sinn Fein leaders down to an absolute declaration whether they mean business. When the question is asked will these leaders accept a conference, the answer is invariably this—"If they do not accept, they will be committing political suicide."

The general tone is one of optimism.

When the point of conference is reached a vista of prolonged negotiations will be opened up. It is going to be a long job. The conference of September 20th, presuming it takes place, will probably last for several days. In all probability Mr. de Valera and his colleagues will have to refer important issues to Dail Eireann. All this will occupy so much time that it may not be possible to conclude the conference before Parliament is due to meet on October 18th. There is also to be considered the fact that Ulster must subsequently be brought into the conference, for which she has accepted the Prime Minister's original invitation.

On the whole, the prospects of settlement are considered good.

ULSTER'S ATTITUDE.

NO MATERIAL CHANGE.

The Press Association's Belfast Correspondent says:—The Premier's renewal of the offer of a conference with Sinn Fein is not considered in Ulster Unionist circles to modify materially the position. The questions now under consideration are purely questions between the British Government and Sinn Fein. Of course, if Mr. de Valera accepts the invitation, and the conference takes place, a situation might arise in which Ulster would be intimately concerned, and it is certain that in that event the people of the six counties would oppose any whittling down of the rights accorded to them under the Home Rule Act. Till such a contingency arises, however, Ulster Unionists are content to wait and see.

In Nationalist circles the reply is regarded as a step nearer to a settlement.

"GENEROSITY ITSELF."

SYDNEY, Friday.

In an interview here yesterday Lord Northcliffe said that the people at home or those he met overseas would not tolerate Sinn Fein's wish for a Republic. American and Canadian newspapers, he added, considered that the British offer was generosity itself.

BOUQUET FOR THE QUEEN.

The Queen and Princess Mary visited Arbroath yesterday, and a most enthusiastic welcome was extended to the Royal visitors. They inspected the historic Abbey, and evinced keen interest in the story told by the custodian of the building.

The Queen was presented with a bouquet, and Princess Mary with a casket of chocolates. The Royal party motored to Annesley House, the residence of Mrs. Lindsay Carnegie, cousin of the Countess of Airlie, and partook of lunch, afterwards leaving for Brechin Castle, making a halt at Kelly Castle.

DUBLIN MAN'S INVENTION.

MEASURING PLANTS' GROWTH.

BRITISH ASSOCIATION AND POPULAR SCIENCE.

Presidential addresses were delivered in most of the thirteen sections of the British Association at Edinburgh yesterday, and interesting contributions to scientific knowledge were made.

In most of the gatherings pleas were made for the diffusion of scientific knowledge and the awakening of a wider interest in the dissemination and application of its principles.

Mr. John J. Dowling, a Dublin man of science, described in the Mathematical Section an ultra-micrometer recorder, which registers displacements in an extraordinarily minute degree. A movement of one-thousandth part of one-millionth of an inch is readily observable by its aid.

WONDERS OF MEASUREMENT.

As is well known, the development of the thermionic valve during the last few years completely revolutionised wireless communication. Mr. John J. Dowling has found a new field of usefulness for the electric valve, and, in view of his demonstrations yesterday in Section A, it would seem that, in the domain of physical measurements, the thermionic valve promises to create as great a revolution and as wide an extension as it has brought about in wireless work.

The new device is comparatively simple. Although to the layman its operation is shrouded in mystery, those who are versed in the mysteries of wireless telegraphy will find that its principles are merely extensions of familiar ideas. Fundamentally, the "ultra-micrometer" is a device for measuring displacements or changes in length of extraordinarily minute degree. For example, a movement of one-thousandth part of one-millionth of an inch is readily observable by its aid. However, there are countless measurements—of angles, strains, expansions, weights, pressures, electrical quantities, magnetic effects, plant growth, to mention a few—all of which can be reduced to the measurement of a length. In every one of these the new device permits a refinement of the measurement, and in many cases enables measurements to be made which hitherto were impossible.

DEMOCRATISING SCIENCE.

LABOUR'S PLACE AND MISSION.

To a conference of delegates of corresponding societies, Sir Richard Gregory, expounding the message of science pleaded for the democratisation of that study. Artisans to-day had quite as much leisure as members of the professional classes, and science could assist in encouraging the worthy employment of that leisure. The end could be attained by co-operative action between local scientific societies and representative organisations of labour. There should be no suggestion of superior philosophies descending from the clouds to dispense gifts to pleading assemblies. The war was responsible for the recrudescence of many mediæval superstitions, but if natural science were true to her principles it would bring to bear upon them the piercing light by which civilised man would be freed from their baneful influence. Science claimed the right to test all things. It declined to accept popular beliefs as to thunderbolts producing rain by explosions, the influence of the moon on the weather or of underground water upon a twig held by a dowser, and a dozen like fallacies, because they had all been found wanting in scientific truth. If trade unions were true to their titles, and not merely wage unions, they would give as much attention to papers in the scientific principles of their industry as they did to securing pecuniary rewards for their members. Unless labour did this it would continue to lose its men of practical genius. Rather should labour seek to prove that it possessed the power to produce useful knowledge as well as the dexterity to apply it. Only in this would those who now hated and feared science become fervent disciples of a new social faith.

HOLY WAR AGAINST IGNORANCE.

Sir Leslie Mackenzie defined science as a holy war against ignorance and a disinterested seeker after truth.

Mr. Andrew Eunson, Edinburgh, invited to speak from the Labour point of view, denied that the workingman to-day took less interest in science than did his fathers. It was not the function of trade unions to promote science. They existed to improve the conditions. As well might a football club or a musical association be expected to take up the spread of scientific knowledge. At the same time, he was all for the spread of science through the proper organisations, and to see it applied to improve the organisation of social life, national and international.

BRITISH CONTRIBUTION TO PHYSIOLOGY.

VALUE OF VITAMINES.

In the realm of physiology, said Sir Waciter Fletcher, in his presidential address in that section, the scientific workers of this country had led the whole world to a very great debt. In nearly all the great primary fields of physiological knowledge the root ideas were in great part British in origin. The latest of these discoveries, the so-called vitamines, which had such a fundamental rôle in medicine and in agriculture, also stood to our national credit. What would have seemed a fanciful fairy tale nearly twenty years ago might be told of the miracles wrought by the studied application of our new knowledge of vitamines in diet. That we were saved from starvation during the war was due to our accurate physiological knowledge. The nation had seen a Minister fall whose control of the people's food was not based upon physiological law, and his successor gain renown, hence adoption of its teaching in hearty and faithful use. One of the results of the war had been much permanent gain to physiologists and the practical needs of medicine. Substances which to a chemist would appear to be identical could now be sharply distinguished in the most decisive way by biological reactions. This delicacy of discrimination could now distinguish between the egg albumen of a hen and a duck.

BREAKFAST A DAILY MIRACLE.

BACON AS A WONDERMAKER.

Dr. M. O. Forster, President of the Chemistry Section, in his presidential address, said that to the average man breakfast was a hurried compromise between hunger and a newspaper. To the chemist it was a daily miracle. The smell of frizzled bacon actuated a wonderful chemical action in the bodies. This was the beginning of a process which, with a smoothness and rapidity unattainable in the laboratory, converted breakfast into blood. The chemical actions practised by the body were beyond the comprehension of the bio-chemist. The hope of realising such marvels was his dazzling goal. Nature ignored was the enemy of man; studied and controlled it was his friend. The nature motive also could salvage civilisation. Dr. Forster concluded that before long fire necessity would have impelled mankind to some such course as applying our combative selfishness against nature, instead of towards the perpetuation of quarrels between races of mankind. Already, he said, straws are giving their proverbial indication. The demand for wheat by increasing populations, the rapidly diminishing supplies of timber, the wasteful ravages of insect pests, the less obvious, but most insidious, depredations of our microscopic enemies, and the blood-curdling fact that a day must come when the last ton of coal and the last gallon of oil have been consumed—all these are circumstances which at present are recognised by a small number of individuals comprising the scientific community, must inevitably thrust themselves upon mankind collectively.

MINIMUM WAGES.

GOING ON WRONG LINES.

In the Economic Section, Mr. A. A. Mitchell, Glasgow, dealing with the subject of "the breakdown of the minimum wage," said that in all the recent wages controversies it seemed to have been assumed as an axiom that wages must conform to a predetermined standard of living. A wage based on an arbitrary standard of life beyond actual subsistence was not based on economic law, though, of course, it might be made a matter of legal or moral obligation. A minimum wage was inconsistent with the nature of wages, which was a payment for a service. No one was compelled to employ at all, and no one could be compelled to employ at a loss. Even the rulers of a Socialist State could give their workman no more than an equal share of the total national products, which might very well be less than the desired standard. We were coming near to, or, perhaps, had reached, the point where the entire of the country was insufficient to pay the wages that were demanded. A standard wage tended to unemployment and inefficiency. With regard to the present wage situation, as affecting production, he said that only by drastic reduction could the gulf be bridged. The wave of unemployment was largely caused by going on wrong lines in fixing wages.

MUSTERING OF THE CLANS.

PRINCE OF WALES AT BRAEMAR.

The gathering of the Braemar Royal Highland Society, held in the Princess Royal Park yesterday, was a brilliant success, notwithstanding the fact that the King and Queen were unable to be present. The large crowd of spectators which assembled was a tribute to the high reputation which this, the oldest and greatest of Scottish gathering enjoys.

The mustering of the clans at a little hamlet near the village of Braemar was one of the most picturesque sights of the day. The clansmen were divided into three sections. In the van were the Balmoral Highlanders. Then followed the Duff Highlanders, and the rear of the procession was brought up by the Farquharson Highlanders. The best of the sport was delayed until the arrival of the Royal party. Some of the most accomplished dancers in Scotland competed, while in the athletic sphere several of the most noted heavy and light-weights made a splendid display.

Chief interest centred in the society side of the gathering. Shortly before three o'clock there came from Mar Castle the Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, Prince Henry, the Princess Royal, Princess Maud, the Countess of Athlone, and her daughter, Lady Mary Cambridge. Among those presented to the Prince were Sir Harry Lauder and Lady Lauder.

THE UNEMPLOYED.

PROPOSED RELIEF WORKS.

The Liverpool unemployed continued their demonstrations yesterday. About 5,000 assembled in the centre of the city, and were addressed by their leaders, who advised no violence. They stated that if they showed they were determined the authorities would have to act quickly and get them work.

A deputation interviewed the editor of the *Evening Express*, and requested that he should grant them space each day to state their side of the case. There was a strong force of police on duty, but no untoward incidents took place.

In connection with Wednesday's attack by the unemployed on the offices of the Bristol Board of Guardians, the police yesterday arrested four men. They were present at an interview with the Lord Mayor, and afterwards, whilst they were addressing a meeting of some two thousand men, a squad of police appeared, and, calling them to the outskirts of the assembly, arrested them and marched them to the station under a strong guard. The crowd then became hostile and attacked the police. Ordered to disperse the police to charge, and the streets were quickly cleared.

While the Glasgow Corporation debated unemployment yesterday a large crowd outside the City Chambers sang the Red Flag. The Corporation decided to impress on the Government the necessity of providing work for the workless.

As the result of the unemployed disturbances at Dundee on Wednesday night the damage by window smashing is estimated at £15,000.

The campaign of window-smashing was renewed in Dundee last night, the chief destruction being done in the Lochee road district. For a distance of three-quarters of a mile there is hardly a shop window left shattered. The mob was ultimately broken up by police baton charges. Small parties, however, proceeded to Lochee, where the destruction was continued. The principal weapons used were stones. Window-smashing also occurred in the Hawkhill district and Hilltown. The full strength of the police was out, also special constables.

RELIEF MEASURES.

GRANTS AFTER FULLEST INVESTIGATION.

The Ministry of Health yesterday sent a circular to all Boards of Guardians embodying rules and regulations which should be observed in the granting of special outdoor relief during the period of exceptional unemployment. While giving relief sufficient to relieve distress, it is pointed out that the grant should be calculated on a lower scale than the earnings of a man maintaining himself by labour. While not desirous of fettering the discretion of the Guardians, the Minister intimates that he may sanction a departure from the Relief Regulation Order. Relief should not be given without the fullest investigation, and no money grant should be made until the case has been before the Guardians and reported upon by the relieving officer. The greater extension of special relief should be given in kind from the Guardians' relief distribution stores or through special orders to local tradesmen. In the case of rent relief care must be taken to see that relief is properly applied.

HALF-MILLION SCHEME.

A big scheme was outlined at Birmingham City Council yesterday with the object of finding employment for a considerable number of men who were out of work. This scheme, which is dependent upon the necessary financial support being forthcoming, is estimated to cost £581,000, comprising road widening, surface reconstruction, and sewering. It was decided at the City Council meeting yesterday to ascertain from the Government what assistance they were prepared to give to a project for making a new road from Birmingham to Wolverhampton.

Fourteen Municipalities and twenty-four Poor Law Unions in the West Riding will be represented at a conference in Huddersfield next week to consider unemployment in that area.

An emergency meeting of the Bedfordshire County Council, of which the Duke of Bedford is chairman, has been convened for to-day to consider unemployment.

The Burnley Guardians, responding to a deputation of the unemployed, will next week specially consider the question of revising the scale of out-relief.

Three hundred unemployed demonstrated outside the municipal offices yesterday, and the Council will to-day consider a proposed scheme of work.

MAN, WIFE, AND DOG.

ALL FOUND SHOT IN THE GARDEN.

Zachariah Gray, of York Villas, Sandy, Bedfordshire, his wife, and their dog were found shot dead in the garden of their house yesterday evening.

Mrs. Gray was discovered on the garden seat in a sitting attitude, with some socks on her knees. She had apparently been darning. Mr. Gray's body lay near the seat, and the body of the dog was close by. The gun was found close to the bodies, and also empty cartridges. Mr. Gray was a seedsman in a fairly large way of business.

HOUSING SCHEME ATTACKED.

In his Presidential address at yesterday's resumed annual provincial meeting of the Auctioneers and Estate Agents' Institute of the United Kingdom, at Birmingham, Alderman E. J. Bigwood described the Government schemes for the provision of houses as cumbrous and costly, and bound by red tape and inspection, the result being a minimum of production and a maximum of expenditure of energy and capital.

Many sales of outlying portions of estates, the speaker added, meant that old relations between squire, tenantry, and cottagers had suddenly come to an end.

SHARE-DEALING STOPPED IN BERLIN.

BERLIN, Thursday.

The Committee of the Berlin Bourse decided to-day to close down all share dealing until Monday. It further announced drastic restrictions in the hours of opening for next week. The wild speculation, accompanied by the equally wild scenes, that have been going on during the last few weeks, has thrown an extraordinary amount of work, not only on the banks, but also on the machinery of the Bourse, which has long been inadequate to meet any extension of the usual business. The Committee hopes by closing the Bourse until Monday and restricting the bourse next week to give the bankers an opportunity to catch up with arrears, and also to check the evil of speculative orders. The Hamburg and Frankfort and other important provincial Exchanges are in a similar plight, and nearly all remained closed to-day.—*Times* telegram.

THE DECLINING MARK.

NEW YORK, Thursday.

The mark touched 1.005 to-day, the lowest figure since the war. The fall is attributed to cablegrams from Berlin reporting a shrinking in value of the mark in the German markets. Other foreign bills were strong, notably British bills.—Reuter.

OLD WOMAN'S HOARD.

Mary Lennon, an old woman who lived in poverty in a house in Lower Gardiner street, Dublin, became ill on Sunday, and was taken to Jervis street Hospital, where she died. Prior to the inquest the police searched her rooms, and were amazed to find there, concealed in little boxes and baskets, £46 in gold, £80 in silver, and £42 in coppers. The discovery was a great surprise for the old woman's neighbours, who looked upon her as a mendicant of the poorest type.

WORKERS AND DISARMAMENT.

MR. THOMAS'S DEMANDS.

LABOUR AND THE CONFERENCE.

There was a flood of oratory at yesterday's sitting of the Trades Union Congress at Cardiff at which Mr. E. L. Poulton presided.

Mr. J. T. Thomas, M.P., moved the following resolution: — "This Congress learns with satisfaction that the President of the United States is calling an International Conference to discuss the question of the disarmament of nations, with which policy it is fully in accord. In the opinion of this Congress, however, such a Conference will not be satisfactory unless Labour is adequately represented thereon, and, understanding that Great Britain will take part in such Conference, this Congress claims the right to appoint representatives of organised Labour to attend the Conference, seeing that the subject to be discussed is a matter vitally affecting the interests of the workers in all nations. The Congress protests against the recent decision of the British Government to carry out an extensive programme of armaments, which is contrary to the spirit and policy of disarmament and peace as advocated repeatedly by members of the Government themselves. The Congress further asks for the suspension of all preparations for war, at least until the Disarmament Conference has finished its work."

Mr. Thomas said that there was a considerable agitation directed at what is called waste in Government expenditure. The Labour Party and that Congress, whilst desiring to abolish all waste, and while being anxious for real economy in national expenditure, felt that it was not economy when the people were starved in education. They believed that it was no economy to curtail the housing programme when there were such conditions as existed to-day. They did believe that there was room for economy in connection with the great expenditure on armaments. (Cheers.)

EXPENDITURE ON FORCES.

PEACE AND BATTLESHIPS.

"We have gone through a war that was to end war," Mr. Thomas proceeded. "We sacrificed a million lives, and how many realise that the expenditure to-day on the Army, Navy, and Air Forces is two and a-half times what it was in 1914—prior to the Great War. We put it to you that it is humbug and hypocrisy to talk about waste on education, housing, and social problems when we are spending these millions of pounds recklessly as we are spending them to-day." (Cheers.) Therefore, they had to keep in mind that there was no time like the present to deal with this question.

We must not allow our children to grow up and forget our experiences, and what we had passed through from Governments, the means whereby war was waged. (Cheers.). He commended the action of the President of the United States regarding the Washington Conference as brave and magnanimous. President Harding said that, although America was not committed to the Versailles Treaty, and was not a part of the League of Nations, they recognised that however powerful they might be Rule had set aside and they would not allow another war to take place if they could avoid it. Consequently he had convened the Conference at Washington.

What was the position of our Government regarding that Conference? inquired Mr. Thomas. We are to go there to discuss disarmament. We are to go there and tell them that we have a debt of eight thousand million pounds; that we are a debtor to America; that we are anxious to meet our obligations, and that we also want to economise. We have to go to that Conference and admit that, before the treaty of peace is signed with Turkey, within two years of the Versailles Treaty being signed, and at a moment when we are talking of peace, we have laid down four new battleships at a cost of between thirty and forty millions. That is a mockery and a farce.

BUILDING AGAINST WHOM?

After all, were we not entitled to ask who are we building against at this moment. (A Voice—"America."). We had a treaty with Japan, a new treaty by the way, that was the cause of more friction in America than anything else. It was common knowledge that there were at this moment, and had been for a long time, differences between Japan and America. The American people said, and rightly so, that if we had an alliance with Japan, and if this alliance meant that we would have to take sides with Japan, then it could only be against America. That was not only the reasoning of the American people, but it was what the enemies of England in America were daily promulgating in the minds of the people. There is no sane man, either in America or this country, said Mr. Thomas in dramatic tones, who can conceive of any circumstances that would warrant a rupture between America and ourselves, but we must give evidence of this in the only possible way, and that is to meet in this Disarmament Conference with clean hands, and say that, as evidence of our good faith, we are not going on building battleships, and want to set an example to the remainder of the Powers. (Cheers.) If the Washington Conference was to be representative of the peoples, if it was to be a real and effective conference, then organised labour of all countries must take part in it. (Cheers.)

A GIBE AT THE N.U.R.

Mr. Pollitt (Boilermakers' Union) said that Mr. Thomas had denounced armaments, but why did he not try to prevent them going into Ireland? (Cheers.) Referring to the last sentence of the resolution, he asked whether Mr. Thomas would prepared to go to Belfast, Derry, port, the Clyde, or Newcastle, and ask the trade unionists to cease work until the result of the Washington Conference was known. If the resolution meant anything, that was what it did mean. "If the boilermakers refused to shipwrights ceased work in those areas," said Mr. Pollitt, "and troops were drafted there in order that the vital industries of the country could be carried on, you would find the National Union of Railwaymen carrying the very troops who make the war to condemn." (Cheers.)

Mr. Ben Tillett, M.P., said that he was an old revolutionary, but a revolution without method, order, or consent—a revolution on the part of one section—was a criminal act, and defeated itself. (Cheers.) If the democracies of the world knew their business, the militarists and the blue-water school could not prevail. It was because the workers were divided that Imperialism and militarism flourished. When it came to fighting, the men who talked the most had been the biggest cowards. If the workers got together in an organised effort against war they would win.

MR. SMILLIE'S SOLUTION.

THE MINERS' DECISION.

Mr. Robert Smillie (Miners' Federation) said the workers of no one nation could solve this problem. The problem was international; the cause was international. It was international finance and capitalism that caused war. The remedy would not be found in the colour of the International, but in the unity of the workers and their real hatred of war, and if that were not sufficiently strong to make them and the workers of other nations defy their Governments and refuse to help them, it was no use passing resolutions. (Cheers.) The Miners' Federation had decided that in the event of international war being threatened, there should immediately be called an international miners' conference, and that the miners of all nations should cease work at once. (Cheers.) It should not, however, be left to the miners. International Labour must unite. That alone would stop war.

MR. THOMAS'S REPLY.

Mr. J. H. Thomas said that those who had attacked him could not complain if he spoke plainly in reply. The question had been asked: What did Thomas do to prevent armaments going into Ireland? Was he not entitled to ask what were the boilermakers and the engineers doing to make the armaments that they wanted the railwaymen to refuse to carry? Both the boilermakers and engineers positively refused to give effect to the advice that they had given to Congress. Referring to the comment on his position as a Privy Councillor, Mr. Thomas said that it was time that they kept above that kind of thing. (Cheers.) "If the oath of a Privy Councillor, which is the same as that of a magistrate, is to be a barrier," said Mr. Thomas, "to honest leadership, then let the rank and file take their own course and deal with it. What is the good of talking about comradeship and the workers solving all the world's problems when the only contribution that can be made to a debate on armaments, with all their horrors, is a set of miserable personalities about one of your own leaders?" (Cheers.) "We have been given as a remedy," said Mr. Thomas, "the Red International as understood by the Russian position at this moment. If that is the movement they hold up to us, I say, bad as our position is, God save us from the remedy they offer to us." (Cheers.)

The resolution was carried by a large majority.

CORRESPONDENCE FOR U.S.A.

Correspondence for the United States, specially addressed per the United States Lines steamer America, will be forwarded by that steamer, leaving Queenstown on Tuesday.

DEFENDING THE LEAGUE.

LORD ROBERT CECIL AND ITS CRITICS.

At yesterday morning's session of the Assembly of the League of Nations, M. Branting, representing Sweden, criticised the work of the Council, and complained that measures had not been taken to give effect to the decisions of the previous Assembly. Nothing had been done to increase the *prestige* of the League, and there was a lack of energy on the part of certain committees.

Lord Robert Cecil warmly defended the work accomplished by the League, which was worthy of the admiration of all. The decisions of the Council had been good, and he cited several cases of "splendid achievement."

DELAY AND INATTENTION.

M. BRANTING'S INDICTMENT.

GENEVA, Thursday.

At this morning's meeting of the Assembly of the League of Nations, M. Branting criticised the report of the work of the Council, and the measures taken to carry out the decisions previously reached by the Assembly. The difficulty was that the finance of the League was not in harmony with present day economic conditions. The Council should particularly avoid appearing as a party to any one Government.

He complained particularly of incompleteness of the report on the Aaland Islands question. Sweden regretted that amendments to the Covenant had not received the consideration which they deserved. The *prestige* of the Council should be fortified. The people of Sweden were eager to co-operate in the work of the League and an observance of the principles of international law and justice.

LORD ROBERT CECIL.

Lord Robert Cecil followed, and spoke at some length. After paying a tribute to the character and personality of M. Branting, the speaker said that he could not share M. Branting's strictures on the performance of the Council, and was surprised to hear that the Council was wanting in impartiality. "On the contrary," said, "the work accomplished by the Council was worthy of the admiration of all." (Cheers.)

Lord Robert contended that the work had been carried out with due economy, while the report presented by the Council was admirable. It gave all the facts that were required, though he would like to have seen it written in lighter language, as it was destined to be read by people of the world. The work of the Council had been good, and he added that the Dantzig difficulty had been admirably settled.

He cited also the Aaland Island settlement, and the repatriation of prisoners of war, which, he said, was a "splendid achievement." The International Court of Justice would stand as a great monument of the work of the League.

UPPER SILESIA.

Lord Robert said that one important point was not mentioned in the report—namely, the question of Upper Silesia, upon which depended the future of the League. He hoped that the Council would rise to the importance of the subject, and take care that the decision would commend itself to the justice of the world.

The League had failed, he said, in the case of the Ruhr, which was the life of the League, and without which it could not properly discharge the tasks that it had undertaken.

With regard to disarmament, he rejoiced that the United States and the League were heartily at one. The activity of the Disarmament Committee was disappointing, and the result of its labours was anything but satisfactory. The urgency of disarmament was very great, and the opinion expressed at the International Finance Conference in Brussels last year regarding the necessity for the limitation of armaments held good to-day in greater measure than ever.

Lord Robert's speech was warmly cheered.—Press Association.

POET PRINCE.

PROPOSAL TO LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

GENEVA, Thursday.

An interesting feature of to-day's sitting of the Assembly of the League of Nations was the reading of a lengthy statement by the first Persian Delegate, Prince Area Ed. Nowich, a former Ambassador to Turkey. The Prince is known as the Prince Poet, and he is the author of a Peace ode.

In his statement he said that Persians had the greatest hopes in the League, and that the Persian Government looked to it for the safety of the work of the League. Among the outstanding portions of his statement was one in which the Prince suggested that the nations' representatives to the Assembly of the League should be elected by the various Parliaments from among the people. These representatives, he said, should not be diplomats.

The point appeared to impress the Assembly, and the Prince's statement was received with applause.—(Reuter.)

AGAINST PARTITION.

SOUTH AND EAST DOWN'S PROTEST.

Last night's *Irish Bulletin* announces that a deputation, "representing the majority of the electorate, and comprising Chairmen and other members of the public bodies of South and East Down," waited upon Mr. de Valera and the Dail Cabinet yesterday, and laid before them a memorial, similar to that presented on August 30th by the Counties of Tyrone and Fermanagh, protesting against any attempt to exclude these areas from the jurisdiction of a Government for all Ireland.

THE MEMORIAL.

Mr. Patrick O'Neill, elected Parliamentary representative for the county, acted as spokesman of the deputation, and read the memorial. It stated:—

"A meeting of elected representatives of public bodies in County Down was held at Castlewellan on Sunday last, when it was unanimously decided that steps be taken to voice, on behalf of the electorate, which the meeting represented, their unalterable opposition to the partitioning of Ireland." (Cheers.)

"On behalf of the electorate, the representatives pledged themselves to use all means effectively to resist the attempt of the British Government to coerce them into a separate administration from the rest of Ireland.

QUESTION OF BOUNDARIES.

The memorial goes on to say that no intelligible line of demarcation has been followed in the mapping of the proposed new North-East territory. "In this freak of statesmanship the province has not been taken as an entity, neither, can it be said, as the areas of the six counties as a basis, for, as has recently been pointed out to you, in both the Counties of Tyrone and Fermanagh, there is a large preponderance of the electorate against inclusion.

"As far as reason can be attributed to the framers of this monstrosity, it would seem that they claimed to carve out a tract of territory, the inhabitants of which were homogeneous in race, religion, and political thought."

Data is then submitted in support of the contention that the framers of partition have "perpetrated an injustice" against the people of South and East Down. It is asserted that "with one inconsiderable exception" every local governing body in the area has a majority opposed to partition.

ALLEGATION OF MALIGNITY.

"No Irish representative of any party has accepted responsibility for the planning or for the details of the partition project. Even those who have undertaken to work it have repeatedly avowed that they have accepted it as a thing for which they have never asked. It is, therefore, purely a device which the representatives of another people have been induced to impose upon Ireland. Under the false pretence of avoiding coercion it seeks to apply coercion. No British measure of recent times . . . exhibits a greater malignity of statesmanship towards the Irish people, and it is plain that no results could follow from persistence in such a measure but the renewal and perpetuation of ancient enmities which we desire to see extinguished for ever."

The memorial is signed by:—Henry McGrath, Chairman Downpatrick Rural District Council; Thomas McAleenan, Chairman Kilkeel Rural District Council; Patrick Bradley, Chairman Newry No. 1 Rural District Council; Peter Murney, Chairman Killeel Board of Guardians; John MacMahon, Chairman Downpatrick Board of Guardians; Robert Kelly and Art Magennis, Newry Board of Guardians; Martin G. Shanahan, Chairman Warrenpoint U.D.C.; Patrick O'Neill, Warrenpoint U.D.C., and Parliamentary representative for the County of Down; Joseph Connellan and Philip J. McQuaid, Newry Urban District Council; William Mullan, Chairman Downpatrick Town Commissioners; John Quinn, Daniel Higgins, and John Rooney, County Councillors for the area; James Quail and Arthur Gilmore, District Councillors for portion of the area comprised in Banbridge R.D.C.

The death is announced of Mr. Philip Anthony Gamble, a well-known Lincolnshire solicitor and Coroner for the Kirton district of Lincolnshire.

The death occurred at Nottingham yesterday of Mrs. Margaret Campbell Rowe, mother of Lady Boot, and widow of Mr. William Rowe, of Jersey. The deceased lady was in her hundredth year.

SPECIAL EXTRA.

TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

THE INVITATION TO CONFER.

"THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY SAYS:—

Unless the Irish leaders consider that an invitation to confer upon the possibility of associating Ireland with

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

SINN FEIN AND ULSTER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—In pre-truce days Sinn Fein was in effect told, "Within certain limits you can have practically anything you wish." To this the reply was (again in effect), "We have heard that story before. Make us a 'firm offer' and we shall consider it."

Will Sinn Fein, in its dealings with the partition of Ireland question, make a "firm offer" to Northern Ireland? If such an offer were made, the public would be in a position to judge whether or not Northern Ireland was justified in refusing to throw in its lot with the rest of the country. In the absence of such an offer it is useless for one set of Sinn Fein leaders to hint vaguely to the Northerners (as was previously hinted to themselves), "Within certain limits you can have practically anything you wish," or for another set to accuse the Northerners of all the possible crimes of political or religious bigotry. Neither of these ways leads to peace with the North. Neither of these ways shows true statesmanship. A properly conceived offer may do both. An agreement between Southern and Northern Ireland would reach most favourably on the negotiations carried on at present between the British Government and the Dail.—Yours, etc.,

"BELFAST."

September 8th, 1921.

THE UNEMPLOYMENT DOLE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Would it not be possible for the Ministry of Labour, in paying the unemployment dole, to ask the men to clean the sides of the roads, which are now very untidy and unkempt, as a small return for the large sum paid weekly? If every man paid would work for three days a week, taxpayers would not feel so irate at this heavy load on them. Why should not the Government exact this labour? County councils will not look after the roads, and the result is dirt and untidiness.—Yours, etc.,

"L. J. G."

September 7th, 1921.

DANGEROUS DRIVING.

MOTORISTS FINED AT KINGSTOWN.

Sergeant English, D.M.P., summoned a number of motorists for exceeding the legal speed limit before Mr. Cooper, K.C., at Kingstown Police Court yesterday.

Mr. William Byrne, solicitor, who was defending a summons against William Thorpe, Sofrenio villas, Dalkey, for driving at 26.8 miles an hour, said that 20 miles was not a very high speed limit, and the authorities were going to increase it to 30 miles.

Mr. Cooper said that the Motor Acts had been passed for the protection of the general public, and not for drivers of the cars. The high speed of some cars was wholly unnecessary and put children and other people crossing the roads had their lives imperilled. Motor cars were driven at too fast a pace in Kingstown, Blackrock, and Dublin. He believed that that should be stopped, and so far as he was concerned he would do so by every means in his power. He would impose a fine of £2 on Thorpe.

THE POOR BOX.

Mr. Byrne—Will you allow me to put it in the poor box?

Mr. Cooper—Very well; I will do that.

Other fines were imposed as follows:—William A. Layng, 11 Haddington terrace, Kingstown—10s., for driving a motor bicycle at 29.2 miles an hour. Edward J. Dunne, 17 Bath avenue, Sandymount—5s. His motor car was timed as going at 27 miles. Frederick Croskerry, Inn Lodge, Sandycove, was ordered to put 20s. in the poor box. His motor speed was 26.2 miles an hour on Monkstown Crescent. Victor Bolton, 93 Marlborough street, Dublin, for driving a motor car at 27.2 miles an hour and having no licence, was fined £1 2s. 6d. Louis J. Lemass, 20 North Circular road, Dublin, was fined 5s. for having an unlicensed driver, and Wilfrid M. Burke, Glenageary, 5s., for driving without a licence.

THE CHURCH OF IRELAND.

The Diocesan Councils of Glendalough and Kildare met yesterday. His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin presided. The other members present were:—Archdeacon of Glendalough, Canon Weir, Rev. J. S. Long, Rev. P. B. Johnson, Rev. A. D. Moore, Major E. H. C. Wesley, Lord Frederick FitzGerald, Mr. W. T. Kirkpatrick, Colonel D'Oyly Battley, Major C. R. Gun-Cuninghame, Mr. W. J. Shepard, Mr. William C. Merrey, Mr. F. Batchelor, Mr. W. H. Hinde, Chancellor Graham, Canon Cole, Archdeacon of Kildare, Dean of Kildare, Canon Peacocke, Canon Bodel, Mr. G. Leycester Penrhyn. The lists of Synodsmen were revised. The draft report to Synods was read and adopted. Having transacted the remaining business, the Councils adjourned.

The Joint Diocesan Councils of Dublin, Glendalough, and Kildare met yesterday. His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin presided. The other members present were:—Dean of Christ Church, Canon Thompson, Rev. A. E. Hughes, Rev. H. Hamilton-Grierson, Rev. W. C. Gibbon, Rev. J. Tobias, Canon Jennings, Rev. G. A. Chamberlain, Mr. W. G. Wakely, Sir John W. Moore, M.D.; Mr. W. M. Thrift, F.T.C.D.; Mr. R. S. Hinde, Mr. R. Blair White, Sir Thomas W. Robinson, Archdeacon of Glendalough, Canon Weir, Rev. J. S. Long, Rev. P. B. Johnson, Rev. A. D. Moore, Mr. G. Walkington, Lord Frederick FitzGerald, Mr. W. T. Kirkpatrick, Colonel D'Oyly Battley, Major C. R. Gun-Cuninghame, Mr. W. J. Shepard, Mr. William C. Merrey, Mr. F. Batchelor, Mr. W. H. Hinde, Chancellor Graham, Canon Cole, Archdeacon of Kildare, Dean of Kildare, Canon Peacocke, Canon Bodel, Colonel Skeffington Smyth, Mr. G. Leycester Penrhyn. The quarterly report of the Joint Finance Committee was read and adopted. Stipends for current quarter were passed at £9,832 17s. 7d. Grants from superannuation sources were passed to the amount of £774 4s. 7d. Having disposed of the remaining business, the Councils adjourned.

The Diocesan Council of Ardfert and Aghadoe passed the following resolution on Tuesday, 6th instant:—"This Council unanimously expresses its very sincere sympathy with the Reverend Canon R. C. and Mrs. Wade in connection with the outrage recently perpetrated on themselves and on their property, and earnestly hopes that all articles then removed will be ere long restored."

MOLESWORTH HALL LECTURES.

A series of lectures is announced in our advertising columns to be held in October in the Molesworth Hall, on Friday afternoons. On October 7th Captain Stephen Gwynn will lecture on "Highways and Byways in Irish History." On October 14th Professor Granville Cole will lecture on "The Edge of Africa." Other lectures by Professor J. G. Swift MacNeill and Dr. W. A. Goligher, F.T.C.D., will follow.

"I have been ordered to drink nothing but cocoa, and I prefer WELCO."—Miss F——, C——, Farnworth.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

INTERESTING ITEMS FROM ALL PARTS.

TO HELP THE SEAMEN.—A meeting of helpers in connection with the special "Gift Day" arranged for October 13th was held in the Seamen's Institute, Dublin, on Tuesday last. The Chaplain, Rev. C. B. Phipps, LL.D., R.N., occupied the chair. Among those present were—Mrs. Phipps, Mrs. Wobated Day, Miss Macartney, Mrs. Taddie Hamilton, Miss Waters, Mrs. Joule, Miss Olive Crighton, Mr. W. H. Henn, Mr. J. Marshall Butler, Hon. Secretary and Treasurer. It was arranged that a concert should form one of the attractions of "Gift Day." Sundry furniture, books, games, etc., most thankfully received.

KNOCKED DOWN BY ARMOURED CAR.—A young woman named Winifred Ryan, of Cork street, Dublin, was accidentally knocked down in Great Brunswick street by an armoured car shortly before eight o'clock last night. She was taken to Mercer's Hospital in the city ambulance, suffering from injuries to the mouth and feet. She was crossing the street behind a tramcar and did not see the armoured car, and for the same reason the driver of the car was unable to see her until it was too late.

PROPOSED PERMANENT ALL-IRISH EXHIBITION.—The promoters of the scheme to establish a permanent exhibition of Irish manufactures have secured an option on suitable premises in Dublin, but before the offer can be accepted a certain number of applications for space must be received. The Dublin Industrial Association, therefore, asks for immediate replies to its circular inviting merchants to take an interest in a scheme designed to foster Irish industries, the scope of which is not fully appreciated by the general public.

PORT AUTHORITY AND CATTLE DISEASE.—Mr. Gerald Byrne presided at the weekly meeting of the Dublin Port and Docks Board yesterday. A petition was received from the Board's pensioners stating their case for an increased allowance. The matter was referred to the Finance Committee. The Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, London, replied to a resolution passed by the Board on August 25th suggesting that in future the immediate embargo on live stock should not be enforced upon the suspicion of disease until it has been confirmed by experienced veterinary inspection. The reply to the resolution was that the question had from time to time been the subject of correspondence and consultation with the Department in Ireland. The Ministry regretted that it was not possible to adopt the suggestion. It added that the immediate notification of the imposition and withdrawal of restrictions of this character was always sent to the Irish Department, in order that the fact might be made known to all concerned in Ireland at the earliest possible date.

THROWN FROM A TRAP.—At an inquest held yesterday in the Mater Misericordiæ Hospital, Dublin, a verdict of death from compression of the brain following fracture of the skull, due to an accident, was returned in the case of William Thompson, aged 54 years, a salesman in the employment of Messrs. Arnott and Co., Dublin, and residing at 4 Vernon parade, Clontarf, who died in the institution from injuries received by a fall from a pony and trap at Glenally, Co. Wicklow, on the 4th inst. It appeared that the deceased man, with others, was driving in a trap when the pony bolted. Thompson jumped out, and fell on his head.

DAIL EIREANN'S "ORDERS."—A communication from Dail Eireann was received at the meeting of the Blackrock Urban Council directing the Town Clerk not to supply particulars in connection with the jurors' lists. The Chairman (Mr. Dickinson, J.P.) said that the Town Clerk had a statutory duty to perform in this connection, and he would rule the letter out of order. Mr. McCracken (S.F.) said that the Blackrock Council was one of the few Councils which had not yet come under the Government of Ireland. Ultimately, they would have to do so. It was better to come in sooner than later, as if they did not do so they could expect no leniency.

CONNAUGHT.

HIGHER WAGES, DEARER COAL; IN CREASED GAS PRICES.—The Athlone Urban Council, at its meeting on Wednesday night, had under discussion a recommendation of the Gas Committee to increase the price of gas, which is at present 1s. 6d. per 1,000 cubic feet, in order to recoup a loss of £1,200, incurred on last year's working. The Town Clerk said that it would be necessary to raise the price to 1s. 8d. per thousand. The great advance in the price of coal and the enhanced wages were responsible. There was an increase of £500 a year in the wage bill. In the previous year they had used 1,305 tons of coal, costing £4 1s. 10d., in the year under review they used 1,545 tons, costing £5,910 3s. It was of bad quality, too. The Chairman suggested that the Town Clerk should prepare a balance sheet covering the last six months only, and that the discussion should be postponed. The meeting agreed.

MR. McKEOWN OBLIGES "FRIENDLY ENGLISHMEN."—Messrs. Henry Boland, Frank Walshe, and John McKeown received a hearty welcome in Athlone on Wednesday evening when they arrived from Roscommon. They spent about an hour in the Prince of Wales' Hotel, outside which a crowd of about two thousand people assembled. When the party emerged it was besieged with requests for autographs. Two soldiers approached Mr. McKeown, and asked him for his signature. He signed the paper after writing the words "To friendly Englishmen." The visitors left by motor car, and were loudly cheered.

BALLYMOTE ENTERTAINMENT. — Mr. McKeown, the Dail Eireann member, was entertained at a banquet at Ballymote last Saturday. Mr. McCabe, who presided, said that McKeown had never been on the run; he kept his enemies on the run. Mr. McKeown, in replying, said that the ambition of his life was to inspire the youth of Ireland. He was not a speaker—the two things with which he was most familiar were the ring of a hammer and the click of a rifle. He was an officer of the I.R.A., and never flinched, and never would.

LEINSTER.

OLD-AGE PENSIONER'S ADVENTURE.—An old man named Francis Kelly, of Clondra, Longford, fell into a twelve-foot deep water lock chamber of the Royal Canal on Wednesday. He succeeded in grasping a branch of a tree and cried for help. Mr. Michael Casey, a local farmer, went to his assistance with a rope, which he succeeded in placing round Kelly's body. With assistance, the old man was pulled out of the water, and appears to be none the worse for his adventure.

MUNSTER

OPPOSITION TO UNION AMALGAMATION.—The Listowel Urban District Council has passed a resolution (Mr. D. J. Flavin dissenting) protesting against the proposed joining of unions amalgamation, and urging that the local workhouse be retained for the North Kerry area. If any change was deemed necessary, it was held that the public should decide the matter at the next elections.

ULSTER.

MEMORIALS IN MONAGHAN CHURCHES.—The Most Rev. Dr. Day, Bishop of Clogher, has unveiled and dedicated a memorial in Carrickmacross Parish Church, commemorating members of the congregation who fell in the war. The church aisle was lined by a guard of honour of the Royal Irish Constabulary, under the command of District Inspector Maunsell, Carrickmacross. "The Last Post" was sounded by a military bugler. The memorial consists of a massive marble scroll, with pediment and crown, mounted on black marble, and erected over the west door of the church. A memorial has also been unveiled in Magheracloone Parish Church. The ceremony was performed by Major-General Sir H. Thompson, C.B., K.C.M.G., D.S.O., and Dr. Day. This memorial consists of an carved oak panelling erected over the altar, with Gothic canopies and small pinnacles, the panels bearing appropriate texts. A memorial inscription has also been placed on a brass alms dish.

LOSS ON DERRY FERRY SERVICE.—It was stated by the Secretary at the meeting of Derry Bridge Commissioners yesterday evening that there was a loss of £20 a week on the ferry service, which is only carrying a fourth of the number of passengers carried last year. This was attributed to the dulness of trade, the reduced service, and the competition of the 'buses. There is at present a deficit of nearly £4,000. The Chairman (Mr. J. M'Monagle) and other Commissioners said that the service should be abandoned, but it was decided to continue the service for the present.

Town Clerk of Nenagh for more than thirty years, Mr. F. R. Mahony has resigned.

Nenagh Council is considering the request of the tenants of cottages owned by the Council in Wolfe Tone terrace for facilities to purchase the premises.

Mr. John Dillon, ex-M.P., has returned to Dublin from his Ballaghaderreen residence, where he has been spending a short holiday.

There has been a reduction in the price of butter at Tullamore market, some being sold at 1s. 6d. a lb. Eggs were 2s. 3d. a dozen; fowls were cheaper, and potatoes were sold at 1s. to 1s. 6d. a stone.

Among other animals shipped from the North Wall yesterday were twenty horses for the Spanish Army. Since Horse Show week, it is stated that about one thousand animals, suitable for use as cavalry horses, had been exported from Ireland.

Eleven steamers, carrying live stock, left Dublin yesterday for ports in England, Scotland, Wales, and the Isle of Man. Three boats went to Holyhead (exclusive of the passenger express steamer), two each to Manchester and Liverpool, and one each to Glasgow, Heysham, Preston, and Silloth.

The new Dublin and Lancashire Line steamer, Brussels, made her first sailing yesterday after noon from the Liffey to the Pibble, and carried a large consignment of cattle and sheep to Preston. The Brussels will probably be back in the Liffey on Sunday for her twice-weekly service in each direction between Preston and Dublin.

A few nights ago armed men entered the Kilmovee (Co. Mayo) Post Office, and "held up" the staff. The raiders took about £100, old age pensioners' money, with which they made off.

Athlone Urban Council has unanimously decided to comply with the instructions contained in the circular letter from Dail Eireann, which requested not to proceed with the preparation of jurors' and voters' lists.

Athlone Urban Council has decided to defend the claim for £15,400, lodged with them by the Great Southern and Western Railway Company, for the alleged malicious burning of the Athlone goods store on the 26th August.

At the interment of the body of the late Mr. John Reah, Wexford, at Glynn Cemetery yesterday, there was a large gathering of civic officials and the general public, testifying to the esteem in which the deceased gentleman was held.

A meeting of the Kildare District Nursing Association was held this week. The chief business was to make arrangements to collect subscriptions. The reports submitted showed that a useful work was being done in the districts.

A verdict of accidental death was returned at an inquest, held in Newry yesterday, on the body of Mrs. Gilmore, the wife of a small farmer living at Hilltown, Co. Down, who was knocked down by a pony and trap when returning from Rathfriland Fair.

The Blackrock (Dublin) Urban Council have decided to withhold payment of a sum of £3,000 to the Dublin County Council, as the latter body has not paid its liability—a sum of about £500—for the upkeep of the Blackrock road.

A man named Hogan, of Borrisokane, who was wounded by a shot alleged to have been fired by Thomas Stanley, of Finnoe, last week, has had an eye removed in a Dublin hospital. Stanley, it is said, fired on an auctioneer and solicitor who had attended to sell Mrs. Stanley's farm, but Hogan was hit.

The first of a series of three lectures by Professor Oskar Frankl, of the Schautta Klinic, Vienna, under the auspices of the Royal Academy of Medicine, was delivered at the Royal College of Surgeons last evening. There was a large attendance of professional men at the lecture, which was of a purely professional character.

Eight priests who are proceeding to China, via New York, as missionaries, left Queenstown yesterday by the Cunarder Albania. They were given a popular send-off by the townspeople, and while they were being transferred from the tender to the liner, fifty girls on the deck of the former sang hymns.

The golden jubilee celebrations of the ministry of Monsignor Murphy, P.P., V.G., took place in Maryborough yesterday. Monsignor Murphy became associated with Kildare in 1886, and has been the recipient of numerous dignities and honours from the Sacred College of Rome. He is a domestic chaplain to the Pope.

ROSSE COLLEGE, STEPHEN'S GREEN, Successes since Jan. 1, 1921—Guinness' First Class Clerkships—All the appointments (6); Bank of Ireland—Feb., 9 appointments; July, 9 appointments (with 1st place). Other Irish Banks—18 appointments; 170 Certificates for Shorthand, etc., gained by pupils.—(Advt.)

COURT AND PERSONAL.

VICEREGAL LODGE, DUBLIN, THURSDAY.

Major-General the Honble. E. Stuart-Wortley, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., and Miss Clare Stewart arrived at the Viceregal Lodge to-day.

Mr. G. V. Troyte Bullock, Rifle Brigade, had the honour of being invited to dine with Her Excellency this evening.

The Marchioness of Aberdeen and Temair has returned to the House of Cromar from Geneva, where she has been attending the Board of Officers of the International Council of Women.

The Earl and Countess of Cork have arrived at Harrogate.

The Earl of Dundonald has left London for Scotland.

The Earl of Rosebery has arrived in London from Mentmore.

Cassandra Countess of Rosse is entertaining a party at Woonersley Park for Doncaster. Her guests include Colonel and Lady Muriel Greenfell, Colonel and Mrs. Crawford, and Colonel Darby.

Winifred Countess of Arran is in residence at Queen Anne's Mead, Windsor.

Viscountess Powerscourt left Powerscourt, Bray, at the beginning of the week to join Mr. and Mrs. Kyrle-Smith's party at Oxton Hall for Doncaster.

Lord Oranmore and Browne and the Hon. Dominick Browne will return to London early next month from South Africa. Lady Oranmore and Browne, who has been spending the summer at Sunningdale, will return to London at the same time.

Lord and Lady Carson are staying at Vichy.

A marriage is arranged, and will take place shortly, between Major E. H. Stocker, late 13th Hussars, and Eva, eldest daughter of Lieut.-General Sir C. McMorrough-Kavanagh, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., C.V.O., D.S.O., and Lady Kavanagh, of Morristown, Billar, Newbridge, Co. Kildare, Ireland.

The engagement is announced between Captain Thomas Needham Furnival Wilson, D.S.O., M.C., 60th Rifles, son of T. N. Wilson, Esq., of Sandbach, Cheshire, and of Harrow Lodge, Branagore, Hants, and Miss Doreen Gordon Wilson, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Wilson, Hockley Lodge, Armagh.

A marriage will take place in October, in Constantinople, between Captain Ernest S. W. Peatt, O.B.E., F.R.C.V.S., Royal Army Veterinary Corps, son of Mr. and Mrs. Peatt, of Leominster, Herefordshire, and Alice Gertrude, daughter of Stephen Nowill, of Constantinople.

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place early in October, between Henry Raverty, M.B., 1 Herbert road, Bray, and Alison, daughter of S. L. Steggall, M.D., and Mrs. Steggall, of San José, Costa Rica, and St. Albans, Meath road, Bray.

The marriage of Miss Rhoda Pike and Mr. Oswald Birley, M.C., will take place in London on September 14th.

Surgeon MacArdle has returned to 72 Merrion square.

Doctor J. Charles Ryan has returned to his residence, 80 Rathgar road.

Dr. Jackson has returned to his residence, 84 Ranelagh road.

Switzers are showing some extra heavy Crepe-de-Chines, plain and printed, 9s. 11d. to 16s. 11d. per yard, double width.—Grafton st.

Mr. Mumford has returned from the Markets, and is showing the Latest Models for smart Autumn wear.—13 Suffolk street, Dublin.

Economise—Save money. Don't discard your old Furs. Send them for remodelling. We have an expert staff.—Siberian Fur Co., 8 Grafton street, Dublin. 'Phone—Dublin 4360.

At the Maison Marcel, Ltd., 2 Dawson st., Dublin, three days' Special Sale of French Perfumes, Powders, Creme at reduced prices.

ARRIVALS AT KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.—Capt. A. B. and Mrs. Townsend, Mrs. Lloyd, Miss Geier.

DEPARTURES FROM KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.—Mrs. Alfred Power, Lady Agnew, Miss Agnew, Murphy, Capt. and Mrs. Rosse, Mrs. Frank Collins, J. J. Pettit, Mrs. Hilton, Miss Hilton, Miss Robinson, Miss Robinson, Miss Robinson, H. St. G. Johnston, Miss N. Brady, Miss Brady, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Grimes, Miss Mackin, Mrs. R. M. Moore, Miss M. Moore, R. M. Moore, R. Murphy, G. Murphy, Miss Browne, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Hanna, Guillard, Miss Hyde, Ireland, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Lumber, Mrs. J. F. Lumber, Miss Lumber, Miss Phyllis Lumber, Miss Chuch, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Gardiner, Miss Gardiner, R. B. Young, Mr. Flawerty, Miss Baxter, Dr. Baxter, Mr. Barrett, Miss E. Barrett, Mrs. A. De'r Com-Bobert Dunne, Capt. Haddan, Rev. R. J. Wilde, Capt. and Mrs. Shonfield, Mrs. F. W. Hunt, Sir Lambert and Lady Ormsby, E. T. Cochrane, Mr. and Mrs. M'Carthy.

First display of Early Autumn Fashions at McBirney's.

Smart Autumn Models in High-class Millinery offering now at greatly reduced prices at Mansfield Sisters, Wicklow street.

WORTHLESS CHEQUE CHARGE.

At the Dublin Police Court yesterday, before Mr Lupton, K.C., Henry Hodgson, an English farmer, was charged with having obtained, by means of a worthless cheque, three head of cattle, value £69, the property of James Hickey, of 29 Blackhall street, Dublin, at the Dublin Market on July 14th. When arrested at Halifax, Yorkshire, he said that he would pay, and that he had £300 in the bank. On the boat from Holyhead to Dublin he said to the detective:—"I have £200 in the house. Will you let me wire for it when I reach Dublin?" When he got to Dublin nothing further was said about it.

Detective Sergeant Mahon said that he had ascertained that the accused had purchased a number of cattle from other persons on July 14th, for which he gave them blank cheques, which had since been returned marked "No account." The total value of the cattle he bought was £284 10s. The accused was remanded till to-morrow.

THE AMERICAN MARKETS.

STOCKS CLOSED HEAVY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, THURSDAY.

Stocks opened irregular, and later advanced. The declaration of many regular dividends and distinct signs of an improvement in the economic conditions, combined with the strength of sterling exchange, exerted a cheering effect; but eventually the market reacted on the weakness of motors, the announcement of further cuts in prices, and liquidation, and closed heavy.

CLOSING PRICES.

Eng. Parity	Stocks.	Closing Bid Prices (Sat.)	Wed.	Thur	Business Done Fri.	Is.
140⅜	U.S. New 4½ Loan	104½	104⅛	—	—	—
113⅝	Atch. Top., Santa Fe	86½	84⅝	—	—	—
107⅛	Do. Preference	90	89	—	—	—
110⅜	Do. 4½ Con. Bonds	87	87	—	—	—
80⅛	Baltimore & Ohio	57⅞	57⅛	—	—	—
181⅜	Canadian Pacific	113⅛	113	—	—	—
72⅛	Chesapke Ohio com.	54½	54½	—	—	—
54⅛	Chicago & St. Paul	25⅝	25⅝	—	—	—
57⅛	Chicago & N.-West.	43	43	—	—	—
142½	Do. Pref.	106	106	—	—	—
27⅛	Erie 1st Preferred	18⅝	18	—	—	—
29⅜	Do. 4% Gl. Lien Bds.	45	45⅛	—	—	—
99⅜	Gt. Northern Pref.	74	74⅛	—	—	—
127⅛	Illinois Central	95	95	—	—	—
80⅞	Lehigh Valley	57	57	—	—	—
145⅜	Louisville & Nashville	108⅛	108⅛	—	—	—
9⅜	Missouri, Kan. & Texas	7⅛	7⅛	—	—	—
85⅜	Do. 2nd Mt. 4% Gd. B.	38	40	—	—	—
75⅝	Missouri Pacific New	19⅜	19	—	—	—
9⅛	Nat. of Mexico 1st Pf.	9	9	—	—	—
5⅜	Do. 2nd Pref.	4⅛	4⅛	—	—	—
96⅜	N.Y. Cl. & Hudson R.	71½	71⅜	—	—	—
127⅜	Norfolk & West. Com.	95⅞	95	—	—	—
101	Northern Pacific Com.	76	75⅝	—	—	—
23⅝	Ontario & Western	17⅛	17⅛	—	—	—
52⅛	Pennsylvania Shares	39⅛	38	—	—	—
91⅛	Reading Shares	68⅜	68⅜	—	—	—
81⅜	Do. 1st Preferred	60⅝	60	—	—	—
103⅜	Do. 4% Mt. Bonds	77	77	—	—	—
28⅜	Southern Railway	21⅛	20⅝	—	—	—
103⅛	Southern Pacific	77⅛	77⅛	—	—	—
32⅛	Texas & Pacific	24⅛	24⅛	—	—	—
139⅜	Union Pacific	103	103	—	—	—
85⅜	Do. Pref.	63⅝	63⅝	—	—	—
111⅛	Do. 4% Bonds	82⅞	83⅜	—	—	—
19⅜	Wabash Common	7⅝	7⅝	—	—	—
27⅛	Do. Preferred A	20⅜	20⅛	—	—	—
47⅛	Amr. Smlt. Refin. Com.	36⅝	35⅝	—	—	—
49⅜	Anaconda Copper	37	36⅜	—	—	—
15⅝	Brit.-Amer. Tob.	11	11⅛	—	—	—
116⅜	N.Y. Cons. Gas	87	87	—	—	—
166⅛	General Electric	124	124	—	—	—
102⅞	U.S. Steel Common	76⅝	76⅜	—	—	—
146⅜	Do. 1st Preferred	109	109	—	—	—
129⅛	Do. 2nd 5% Bonds	94⅛	94⅛	—	—	—
—	Silver, Foreign Mined	63⅞	63⅝	—	—	—
—	Do. (U.S. mined) Ref.	99⅛	99⅛	—	—	—
13⅛	Inter. M.M. Com. Cts.	10	9⅝	—	—	—
45⅜	Do. Prefd. Certs.	44⅛	44	—	—	—
48⅛	Royal Dutch Oil	31½	32	—	—	—
49⅛	Shell Transport	36⅝	36	—	—	—
180⅜	Mexican Petroleum	114⅞	112⅜	—	—	—
49⅛	Pan-American Pet.	30⅛	48⅛	—	—	—
13⅜	General Motors	10	9⅞	—	—	—
64⅜	U.S. Rubber	48⅜	48⅜	—	—	—

* Asked. † Ex div. ‡ Ex Bonus. § Ex rights.

	Wednesday. 5h. 55m.	Thursday. 5h. 55m.
Call Money	3.66.00	3.67.50
Ex. on London 60 days' sight	3.71.50	3.71.75
Ex. on Lond'n. Demand Bills	3.72.00	3.72.25
Cable Transfers	4.14.00	4.16.00
Ex. on Montreal	19.75	19.65
Cotton, Middling, Upland	20.00	18.00
Do. New Orleans, Middling		
Cotton Seed Oil, F. Summer, Yellow Spot	9.92	9.87
Cotton Seed Oil, Yellow, Oct.	9.78	9.72
Petroleum, Refined, in cases	17.50	17.50
Do. Standard, White	13.00	13.00
Do. Philadelphia	13.00	13.00
Do. Pennsylvania, Crude	2.25	2.25
Spirits of Turpentine	39½	—
Do. Savannah	60⅜	61½
Resin, Grade K	4.80	4.80
Do. Grade G	4.60	4.60
Lard, Prime Western Steam	12.60	12.45
Do. Midland West	12.00–12.10	11.85–90
Tallow	4½	4½
Sugar, Centrifugal (Cuban)	4.56	4.56
Corn, Western, No. 2 Mixed	69⅛	70
Wheat, No. 2 Hard Winter	145½	143
Do. No. 2 Red, Winter	144½	145
Do. No. 2 Northern	139⅛	140
Coffee, Rio No. 7	7¾	7¾
Flour, Spring Clears	6.00–6.75	6.00–6.75
Iron, No. 2 North'n. Foundry	20.00–21.00	20.00–21.00
Tin, Straits	27.35	27.00
Zinc, East St. Louis	4.25	4.25
Electrolytic Copper	12¼	12¼
Do. Futures, Sept.	12¼–12⅜	12⅜
Freight, Heavy Grain, to U. Kingdom, per quarter	5/0	5/0
Freight, Heavy Grain, to Continent, per quarter	22–25	22–25
Freight, Cotton, to Liverpool (high density)	37/6	37/6
Do. Standard (per 100lb.)	37/6	37/6

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Eng. Equiv	Stocks and Shares.	Closing Prices Thur.
52⅛	Asbestos Corp. of Canada	43⅜
30⅛	Brazilian Traction, L. & P. Co.	25
30⅛	Canadian Car & Foundry Co.	25
85⅜	Do. Pref.	70
62⅜	Canada Cement Co.	51
19⅛	Canada Steamship Lines Co.	19½
63½	Do. Preferred	52½
33⅛	Dominion Steel Corp. Co.	29
24⅛	Dominion Textile Co.	19½
188⅜	Lake of the Woods Milling Co.	132⅝
81	Laurentide Co.	67½
97⅜	Montreal Light, Heat, & Pow. Con.	81
204⅜	Ogilvie Flour Mills Co.	170
122⅜	Shawinigan Water & Power Co.	102
82⅜	Spanish River Pr. & Pr. Mills	82
75	Do. Preferred	42½
80⅞	Steel Company of Canada	50

PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY.

WHEAT—Spot market steady at 1c. reduction. Several cargoes of Canadian sold yesterday by exporters. Receipts—Atlantic 768,000, last year 1,570,000; clearances 150,000, last year 1,000,000.

FLOUR steady.

CORN on spot firm and 1c. higher. Exporters took 65 bushels of corn. Receipts—Atlantic 58,000, last year 14,000; clearances 256,000, last year 4,000.

LARD—Cash easy at 15 points decline.

COFFEE opened easy, 2 to 6 points lower. Values declined for a while on selling by commission houses, New Orleans interests, but rallied on buying of 29 Blackhall street, Dublin, at the Dublin Market on July 14th. When arrested at Halifax, Yorkshire, he said that he would pay, and that he had £300 in the bank. On the boat from Holyhead to Dublin he said to the detective:—"I have £200 in the house. Will you let me wire for it when I reach Dublin?" When he got to Dublin nothing further was said about it.

Detective Sergeant Mahon said that he had ascertained that the accused had purchased a number of cattle from other persons on July 14th, for which he gave them blank cheques, which had since been returned marked "No account." The total value of the cattle he bought was £284 10s. The accused was remanded till to-morrow.

went to Holyhead (exclusive of the passenger express steamer), two each to Manchester and Liverpool, and one each to Glasgow, Heysham, Preston, and Silloth.

The new Dublin and Lancashire Line steamer, Brussels, made her first sailing yesterday after noon from the Liffey to the Pibble, and carried a large consignment of cattle and sheep to Preston. The Brussels will probably be back in the Liffey on Sunday for her twice-weekly service in each direction between Preston and Dublin.

A few nights ago armed men entered the Kilmovee (Co. Mayo) Post Office, and "held up" the staff. The raiders took about £100, old age pensioners' money, with which they made off.

Athlone Urban Council has unanimously decided to comply with the instructions contained in the circular letter from Dail Eireann, which requested not to proceed with the preparation of jurors' and voters' lists.

Athlone Urban Council has decided to defend the claim for £15,400, lodged with them by the Great Southern and Western Railway Company, for the alleged malicious burning of the Athlone goods store on the 26th August.

At the interment of the body of the late Mr. John Reah, Wexford, at Glynn Cemetery yesterday, there was a large gathering of civic officials and the general public, testifying to the esteem in which the deceased gentleman was held.

A meeting of the Kildare District Nursing Association was held this week. The chief business was to make arrangements to collect subscriptions. The reports submitted showed that a useful work was being done in the districts.

A verdict of accidental death was returned at an inquest, held in Newry yesterday, on the body of Mrs. Gilmore, the wife of a small farmer living at Hilltown, Co. Down, who was knocked down by a pony and trap when returning from Rathfriland Fair.

The Blackrock (Dublin) Urban Council have decided to withhold payment of a sum of £3,000 to the Dublin County Council, as the latter body has not paid its liability—a sum of about £500—for the upkeep of the Blackrock road.

A man named Hogan, of Borrisokane, who was wounded by a shot alleged to have been fired by Thomas Stanley, of Finnoe, last week, has had an eye removed in a Dublin hospital. Stanley, it is said, fired on an auctioneer and solicitor who had attended to sell Mrs. Stanley's farm, but Hogan was hit.

The first of a series of three lectures by Professor Oskar Frankl, of the Schautta Klinic, Vienna, under the auspices of the Royal Academy of Medicine, was delivered at the Royal College of Surgeons last evening. There was a large attendance of professional men at the lecture, which was of a purely professional character.

Eight priests who are proceeding to China, via New York, as missionaries, left Queenstown yesterday by the Cunarder Albania. They were given a popular send-off by the townspeople, and while they were being transferred from the tender to the liner, fifty girls on the deck of the former sang hymns.

The golden jubilee celebrations of the ministry of Monsignor Murphy, P.P., V.G., took place in Maryborough yesterday. Monsignor Murphy became associated with Kildare in 1886, and has been the recipient of numerous dignities and honours from the Sacred College of Rome. He is a domestic chaplain to the Pope.

ROSSE COLLEGE, STEPHEN'S GREEN, Successes since Jan. 1, 1921—Guinness' First Class Clerkships—All the appointments (6); Bank of Ireland—Feb., 9 appointments; July, 9 appointments (with 1st place). Other Irish Banks—18 appointments; 170 Certificates for Shorthand, etc., gained by pupils.—(Advt.)

SPORTING NEWS.

DONCASTER MEETING—YESTERDAY.

SIR W. COOKE'S DOUBLE.

ANOTHER WIN FOR GLANMERIN.

QUEEN WASP FAILS.

Before racing was resumed the sale of the Sledmere yearlings attracted the attention of the leading breeders and owners. Butcher, who has been stud groom to the Sykes family for thirty years, and has now reached the allotted span of three score years and ten, led the youngsters round in the sale ring. Bloodstock prices are coming down to a more reasonable level, and no sensational prices were obtained; but the sixteen that came under the hammer realised an average of 2,304 guineas, the Hon. Geo.

FINANCIAL NEWS

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

DUBLIN.

PRICES CONTINUE TO MARK TIME. GUINNESS ACTIVE AND FIRM. OILS STRONG. DUNLOPS SLIPPING. TEXTILES HARD.

There was again very little doing in general securities on the Dublin Stock Exchange, and orders pretty nearly all round were few and far between, pending some definite lead on existing causes for uncertainty. The existing brilliant holiday weather is also responsible for the prevailing quietness. The Funds continue to move within narrow, irregular dimensions, and really present no point of special interest. Banks held firm, but without feature. Royals were on sale at 9½, the last price. The annual statement may be expected immediately, and should be favourable in every respect. There was quite a lot doing in Guinness Ord. and Pref. shares, and at the close the supply scarcely seemed adequate to the demand. John Power and Son Participating Pref. remain a firm market. Maroonis show no alteration. Railways were practically neglected, but Great Southern and Western Pref. closed in request at a rise of 1. Tramways closed firm. Parent Tyre Deferred, for a broken lot, only quoted 25s. 6d. Dunlop Rubber Ord. were busy enough at slightly lower prices. The opening was dull, but at the close support was about. Textiles closed firm but featureless. Oils rallied as quickly as they recently weakened.

The Funds fluctuated, as usual, irregularly. War Loan 4½ p.c. rose ¼ to 81½, and Victory Bonds ¼ to 76⅜, while War Loan 5 p.c. fell ¼ to 88⅛, by Deed ⅟₂ to 88⅛, and India 3½ p.c. ¼ to 57⅜.

Banks were steady. Hibernians remain at 5¾, and Munsters at 5¼.

Breweries and Distilleries closed firm. Guinness were busy and unaltered at 39 and the Pref. at 10¾. John Power and Son Pref. again changed hands at 18s. 6d.

Marconi Wireless Ord. repeated 37s.

Home Rails continue to mark time. Great Southern and Western Pref. was bid up 1 to 55 without getting any stock. The Guaranteed remain at 64. Ord. and Deb. Stocks were drawn blank. Tramways closed steady. Provincial Debs. at 62, and Dublin United Pref. at 8¾ show no alteration.

In Dunlops, Parent Tyre Def. for a small lot fell 10/6d. to 25s. 6d., but regular lots were bid for just under 26s. Dunlop Rubber Ord. opened flat, but later marking here at 8s. 7¼d., but later 8s. 3d. was paid and bid. Parent Tyre Pref were called 9s. 6d. to 10s. unofficially.

Alliance and Dublin Consumers Gas shares rose 5s. to 5 for an exceptional lot.

Manufacturing shares, Coats rose 1½d. to 48s. 1½d.; but Cottons at 34s. 6d., Spinners at 34s., and Bleachers at 28s. 6d., 29s. show no change.

Trading, etc., shares were drawn blank, but *Irish Times* Pref. were again bid for at 60s. and held for 62s. 6d.

Other business done included Imperial Tobacco at 43s. 3d. Mexican Eagle Oil rose ⅟₂ to 5¾, ⅟₂, and Shells ⅟₂ to 5¾.

IRISH BANKS RATE.

Discount (changed 21st July) ... 6 p.c.
Deposit (changed 23rd June) ... 3 p.c.

BUSINESS DONE.

4½% War Ln...(81¼) 81½ 5% War Ln...(86½) 86⅞ 5% War Ln...(88½) 88⅞ Do. Deed...(88½) 88½ Victory Bonds...(76) 76⅜ War Bonds, 1923-43... 97½ 5½% Exch. Bonds, 100% India 3½ ...(57½) 57⅜ Birkenhead 6% ...101 N.S. Wales 6% ...101 Hibernian Bank...(5¼) 5¼ Bk. of Irel...(5¼) 5¼ Munster & Lein...(5¼) 5¼ Provincial...(5¼) 5¼ Do. Pref...(10¼) 10¼ Power Pref.....(37½) 37½ Marconi .....(37½) 37½ (Last business done given in parentheses.)

GRAND TRUNKS AND STOCKS.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

The chief, and one might say, the only topic of importance on the Stock Exchange yesterday was the Grand Trunk award. The effect of the unfavourable nature of the award is dealt with elsewhere, and it will suffice here to quote the fall in quotations, which tells its own story. The Ord. Stock dropped 2¼ to 2½, the First Pref. 22 to 25, the Second Pref. 21 to 14½, the Third Pref. 6½ to 8, the Guaranteed 2 to 59, and the Debs. 2 to 62. Markets generally opened in good style and remained firm, particularly the speculative groups, until towards the close, when the leading Continental counters dropped sharply, the dampening influence of the decision of the Grand Trunk Arbitration Board being mainly responsible for the change in sentiment. Movements in the gilt-edged market were numerically few. War Loan Fours had an exceptional rise on the 36. Victory Bonds fell ¼ to 75⅝, and there was a decline of ¼ in both Conversion Loan to 62⅞ and Local Loans to 52⅛. National War Bonds of early dates were ¼ to better, otherwise, for the changes enumerated, the market was at a standstill.

LONDON STOCKS FAIRLY GOOD.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

Outside Grand Trunks (commented on in another column) a fair business was done, the leading counter being Oil shares. The announcement that the Bank rate was to be unchanged was received with ironical cheers. Consols remained firm, and showed an advance of ¼ at 47⅝. War Loan 5 p.c. fell ⅛ to 98, and Funding Loan also improved ¼ to 72. The Conversion Loan fell ⅛ to 62⅞ x.d. India 3½ p.c. was ¼ better.

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES were rather quiet and dull. French Loans were unchanged, but German Threes fell ¼ to 4¾. Greek 5 p.c. fell 1 to 42½. Japanese Bonds were steady, and the 4½ p.c. (1st Series) fell ⅛ to 116 and the 4 p.c. 1 to 97. Mexican 6 p.c. fell 3 to 50.

HOME RAILS were rather better, and it is possible that the upward movement has again commenced. Great Eastern rose ¼ to 28⅜, Great Western 1 to 97, Lancashire and Yorkshire 1 to 51, London North-Western 1 to 71¼, North-Eastern Consols 1 to 72½, and Midland Def. ¼ to 45. Metropolitans were dull and ½ lower at 25.

In FOREIGN RAILS "Canpacs" were unchanged. Argentines were supported and generally higher. "B.A.G.S." rose a point to 64, Pacifics, Westerns, and Centrals each rising ¼. Central Uruguay advanced 1 to 43. Americans there was an advance of 2 in Southern Pref., 1 in Southern Common, and 1½ in Southern Pacifics.

INDUSTRIALS HARDER.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Idleness characterised the miscellaneous and industrial market for the greater part of yesterday, but firmness was exhibited by quotations as a whole, and towards the close a harder tendency was manifested.

Prices in the Canadian-American group were marked up to conform with the New York exchange movements, and despite the slump in Grand Trunks. Brazilian Traction rose 1 to 30, Canada Cement were 2 better at 58½, and Cities Services rose advanced to 180. For the same reason British-American Tobacco rose 1s. 3d. to 84s. 6d. Other Tobaccos were ruling a firm market, with Imperials a few pence better at 49s. 3d. ex div. Among Miscellaneous descriptions, Courtaulds hardened 1 to 18s., and Dunlops were a slightly firmer market at 8s. 9d. British Oil and Cake also gaining a few pence at 27s. Wall Paper Def., however, yielded to 6s., and in Foodstuffs Liptons were off colour at 16s. 9d. In this group the feature was Maypoles, which came into sudden request, jumping 6d. to 8s. 6d.

Among Textiles, where business was still further restricted, Courtaulds were dull at only 37s., but other prices were maintained. Amalgamated Cottons were 12s. 6d., after being better, and Coats 6d. to the good at 48s. 6d. ex div. In Stores, Harrods B.A. fell off to 12s. 3d., and there were no changes among Breweries, Allsopp Ord. being 56½, and the Pref. 80. The Wireless group was a little better, Marconis showing a gain of ⅟₈ at 1¾ ex div., and the Pref. keeping the price at 1⅛ ex div. Cables were steady and unchanged, and in the Land group Forestals were about the same at 25s. Nitrates were for the most part idle, and Sena Sugars marked back ⅛ to 6s., and in the Shipping section there were no alterations in the entire absence of business.

Among Chemical descriptions, Brunner Mond further hardened to 24s., though Salt Union at 13s., were a few pence easier. Iron and Steels were generally steady, though on balance the few movements that took place were towards lower values. Vickers, however, were a better market, closing 3d. higher at 13s. 3d., and Armstrongs kept the price at 18s., as also Dorman Long and Guest Keen at 17s. 9d. and 22s. respectively. Cammell Laird, however, were again lowered to 13s. 6d., and Ebbw Vale were a dull market at 16s. 9d. Bengal Iron receded ⅟₈ to 1¼, and Weardale Steel Def. were retarded to 23s. Coal Stocks showed no changes, and among Gas securities Gas Light and Coke were steady at the improved figure—60—South Metropolitan being 69 still; but in Insurances, General Accident were 4½, and Phoenix eased to 8¼. In Electricals, Siemens Brothers were unchanged at 23s., after being 22s. 9d. English Electric showed no tendency as yet.

OIL SHARES DISAPPOINTING.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Oil shares were a disappointing market yesterday. At the opening strength was displayed by the leading descriptions, in which the overnight advance was continued, a distinctly cheerful tendency prevailing in confident anticipation that the demand on Paris account, which has contributed so largely to the recent rise, would be resumed. These hopes, however, failed to materialise, and those who purchased in the early hours—buying, it may be said, was mainly of a professional character—turned sellers, causing prices to move down rather sharply. The early gains were soon wiped off, and at the close declines were fairly general, while dulness characterised the street dealings. Mexican Eagles continued to figure prominently, and after opening at 5¼, which was considerably above the level ruling overnight, they further advanced to 5⅛, but later the shares were freely offered, and at the close a decline of ¼ was shown at 5⅛; the Prefs. improved ¼ to 8⅛. Burmahs, after being as good as 5⅛, receded to 5⅛, at which a shrinkage of ⅟₈ was registered. Closing prices:—

Anglo-Amer.... 4⅛-¼	Maisels Pet..... ⅛-¼
Anglo-Egyp. B...1½-1⅝	Mex. Eagle 5⅛-5⅜
Anglo-Mexican...4⅞-5	Do. Pref..... ⅞-1
Ang-PerPf. 21/11-21/7½	Nat Pet..... ⅛-⅜
Do.8/2ndPf 22/11-22/7½	Nth.Caucasian... ⅛-¼
Anglo-United....3-3/4	Oilfields Egypt 3/3-4/
Apex Trin..... 1½-2	Oilfields Fin.... 2/3-3/0+0/3
Atlan. Oil Syn....3/0-4/0	Oilfields Eng..... ¾-⅞
Brit. Bor.Pet.....⅜-½	Oil Rust....1/4½-1/7½
Brit. Burmah..... ⅞-1	Peru Syndt 3/9-4/9
Brit. Col. Pet..... ½-¾	Phoenix... 8/7½-9/1½
Brit. Cont.Pet.....5/6-7/6	Pram.Oil 2/4½-2/10½ -1/5½
Brit. Mtr. Spir....6/3-7/3	Rum.Con 10/1½-10/7½ -/7½
Burmah ..... 5⅛-5⅜ - ⅛	Royal Dutch... 45-40½ - 1
Caltex..... 4/1¾-4/7½	Scot.-Amer.....2/6-3/0
Chijoles..... ⅛-1	Shell Trans.....4/1-5/- ⅛
Copan Oil 2/6-3/6	Do. Pref..... 8/5-8/9 + ⅛
Cyprus Trust.... 2/6-3/6	Spes..... 6/1½-6/7½
Dacia Romano.....1-1½	Stn. Mex.A. 1/1¼-1/4½ +/1¼
Eagle Trans..... 4¾-5	Star Develop.... 1/1-1/7
English Oilfields...⅛-⅜	Tampico Pan... 2/6-2/9
Gemsah Oil..... ⅛-¼	Tank. Pf..... 3/6-5/0- /1½
Gen.Pet.Trin. 11/0-12/0 -1/0	Transvaal ..... ⅝-¾
Hamilton's Oil 2/3-2/6	Trin. Cent..... 2-2½ - ⅛
Havana Oil..... 1/6-1/9	Trin. Domin.....3/0-4/0
Indo Burma 9/0-10/0- 0/2	Trin. Leases..... 2-2½
Kern R'v(100)...18/6-19/0	Un. Brit. Trin....⅜-½ + ⅛
Do. New. 17/1⅝-17/7½	Ural Caspian..... ½-¾
Lobitos 3⅞-4	Uros Oilfields... 4/6-5/6 - 0/3
Mask. Taman 20/0-21/0	Var Oil ..... 5/0-9/0 + 0/0

RUBBER SHARES INACTIVE.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

The Rubber share market continued to be dull and inactive. Changes were not numerous, but there were some rather heavy falls. Lingi rose 6d. to 19s. 9d., Seramban 7½d. to 8s. 10½d., and Tali Ayer 6d. to 14s. 3d. On the other side, Anglo-Dutch fell 10½d. to 20s. 10½d., Grand Central 2s. to 11s. 6d., Mooply Valley 1s. 9d. to 7s., and Pilmoor 1s. 3d. to 10s. Closing prices:—

Anglo-Dutch..20/10¾-/10½	N. Hummock. 10/6
Anglo-Java .. 2/1½	P.P.K.(Cy'n) 10/6
Anglo-Malay.. 17/6	Pahang Para.. 1/9½ -0/7½
Anglo-Sum.... 31/6	Paliding 14/9
Asahan..... 7/6	Pegoh..... 22/6
Bah Lias 13/9	Pilmoor ..... 10/6 -1/3
Bin Ladin..... 21/6	Port Dickson... 1/4½
Bin Tiga..... 22/0	Riversidе Sel. 16/3
Bertam Cons.... 3/3	Rub.E.Asiatic 15/3
B.N.B.R. Trst 7/6	Rub.Es.Krian 1/0
Bikam 1/4½	Rub. Trust.... 10/6 -0/1½
Brieh 1/0	Sablas 2/9
British Dind.... 2/10½	Sapong 11/3
Bukit Meh.... 1/11¾	Sapumalie de.. 9/10½
Bukit Rajah... 13/0	Seafield..... 1/6
Bukit Sembu.... 1/6	Selonak..... 5/0
Castlefield 3/3	Sekong 12/3
Chersonese 2/3	Selaba 17/4½
Clifford 1/9	Selangor..... 2/9
Clonliffe 2/1½	Sempah 10/0
Con. Malay 2/3	Soulayran 20/9
Damansara 1/3	Sennah 9/4½
EasternTrust. 10/0	Seramban ... 8/10½ +7½
Glenbervie 17/6	Serdang Cent'l 11/6
Golden Hope 22/6	Sialang 18/3
Grand Central 11/6 -2/0	Sing. United.. 0/7½
Highlands 25/0	Soember Ayer. 10/6
Inch Kenneth. 20/6	Straits Rub.... 15/4½
Ipoh Ceylon .. 4/6	Strathmore 7/1½
K'po'g-Kuala 4/6	Sumatra Cons. 19/6
Kamuning.... 1/6+10½	Sumatra Plan.. 27/6
Kapayang 27/6	Sungei Bahru.. 8/9
Kasintoe 10/0	Sungei Bahru. 8/9
Kepitigalla 3/3	Sungei Buaya. 11/10½
Kepong 3/0	Sungei Kapar.. 19/3
Kimanis 2/6	Sungei Kapar.. 2/6
Kinta Kellas.... 1/7	Sungei Kri'n'P 18/9
Kuantan 1/3	Sungei Kri'n'P 3/3
Kuala Lump.. 34/0	Sungei Way.... 17/6
Labu 15/0	Taiping..... 1/1½
Langkat Cons.. 11/0	Tali Ayer..... 14/3 -0/6
Langkat Sum.. 15/3	Tamlang 16/9
Langkon 6/3	Tandjong 20/0
Lebong 24/0	Tehran 20/0
Lingi ..... 19/9+0/6	Telogoradjo 22/0
Lok Kawi.... 9/0	Tempeh 0/0
Malacca..... 35/0	Toerangie..... 15/0
Do. Pref..... 30/0	Tremolipre 12/6
Un. Indus.... 8/6	Un. Lankat.... 16/3
Malayalam 6/10½	Un. Sumatra.. 1/7 -0/2
Manch'ter NS 12/6	Un. Temiang.. 1/9
Marbau Cons.... 10/0	Vallambrosa.. 8/9
Marbau 1/6	Vallambrosa.. 8/9
Merliman ..... 2/1¼ -0/1½	Way-Halim.... 0/4½
Mooply Valley 7/6 -1/3	Yam Seng..... 2/9
Nordana! 9/6	

MINING SHARES IRREGULAR.

KAFFIRS LOSE EARLY IMPROVEMENT—ERRATIC EXCHANGES A FACTOR.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Taken as a whole, the Mining department yesterday displayed a fairly steady appearance, but business was of a somewhat scattered order, and improvements related mostly to leading counters. So far as Kaffirs were concerned, the opening promised better things than in fact developed, a continuance of the better tone of the previous afternoon being evidenced by initial cheerfulness, accentuated by the satisfactory returns from the Rand. Sentiment, however, was later on somewhat chilled by the fall in the price of gold of 9d. to £5 10s. 1d., and also by the erratic courses followed by the foreign exchanges, by which for a time the market was completely unsettled. The New York exchange was reported to be in the vicinity of 3.74⅛ at the close, and a further decline in the precious metal was thus thought to be foreshadowed. Paris also turned a seller of its favourites, and, the Cape being apparently content to look on, there was no occasion for professionals to relax the wariness exhibited during the past week. On balance, therefore, movements in this section showed considerable irregularity, changes, however, either way proving comparatively unimportant. In Rhodesias the tone continued to be the irregularity of Rafflans, and, while Charterred fell back a little, Tanganyika and Zambesias were again a trifle harder, and a smart recovery was shown by Globe and Phœnix. In the Diamond group a promising degree of firmness was maintained, De Beers and Premiers being cheerfully disposed. Tin slumped £2 17s. 6d. to £159 2s. 6d., and checked the growing confidence in the shares, but recent advances were mostly held, save only Ropp Tin, in which a net fall was registered. West Africans met with no movement worthy of support, while in Australian section a rise in North Broken Hill was the only noteworthy alteration. Apart from dulness in Rio Tintos, Copper shares showed no tendency, and Russo-Asiatic were again easier in the Russian collection. In the miscellaneous list, however, Esperanzas were a cheerful feature in anticipation of a further development cable, and support was forthcoming for Columbia Mining, Burmas, and one or two others. Silver fell ½d. to 38½d. Closing prices:—

SOUTH AFRICAN.

Brakpan 2⅝-¾	Meyer & Charlton 4¼-⅜
Cent.Mining(£8)..7⅞-⅞	Modder'f'n'(10)..3⅜-½
Cons. Main 2⅛-⅜	Modder B(£1)..... ⅞-1
Cons. Deelkraal.. 6/9-7/0	Modder Deep.... 2⅞-3
Cons.Langlaagte..1/-1⅛	Modder East...10/9-11/- -0/3
Cons.M. Est...12/6-12/9 -0/9	Nourse Mines...9/3-10/- -0/9
Cons.Sden.(10).17/9-18/0	Rand Mines (£).. 7⅛-⅜
Crown M'n(10) 2⅛-¼ - ⅛	Randfontein...10/6-10/6 -0/3
E. Rand Mining.. ⅞-1	do. Central...12/6-13/0 -0/3
Ferreira Dep..... 2/3-2/6	Robin'n D'p A(1)... 2/4-2/6
Geduld ..... 2¼-2⅜ + ⅛	Rose Deep.....14/0-15/0
General Mining..4/0-4/3	S.A. Gold T'st..... ⅞-1
Govern't M's...4/6-4/9	Springs Mines.... 2⅞-3
Grootvlei.....1/3-1/4	Tr'sConL(15/) 17/6-18/6 +1/3
Knight Cent..... 4/6-4/9	UnionC'p.(12/6).16/6-17/6 +/6
Knight's 5-5⅜	Van Ryn Deep... 3⅜-⅝
Knight's Deep.13/0-13/6	Village Deep... 9/9-10/9 -0/3
Langlaagte Es.13/6-14/6	Witw'trs'r'd D'p..9/6-/6

RHODESIAN.

B.S. A!..... 12/1½-7/6 -0/3	Rezende 2¾-4
Cam and Motor(10-12/-	Rh.B'ken Hill(5/)5/9-6/3
Falcon..... 4/9-5/0	Shamva Mines...1⅝-1¾
Gaika Gold 10/3-11/3	Tanganyika 1-1⅛
Globe & P'ce(10)..14/6+1/0	Wanke Coll (10/)..1⅝-1¾
G.F'dsBod (10/) 6/3-6/9	Zambesia Ex. 12/6-13/0+0/3
Lonely Reef 2¾-3	

DIAMOND.

DeBeers'(£25) ....13¾-¾+⅛	Premier D.(2/6).5⅛-5¼ + ⅛

TIN.

East Pool (5)....3/3-3/9	Yahang (3/)..... 5/8-6/0
Geevor 1¾-1⅞	Ropp (4/) ..... 6/8-6/3 - 0/3
Kinta..... 1⅞-2	Siamese 1⅛-1⅜
Kramat Pulai..... 2¾	Stn. Crofty(3/)..4/6-5/0
Naraguta..... 1⅝-1¾	Tronoh..... 1⅛-1⅜
Nigerian(5/)..... 1/6-2/0	

WEST AFRICAN.

Ashanti G.(4/).15/6-16/0	Gold Coast Amal.... 7⅛-⅞
Fanti (6/)..... 7/9-8/3+0/3	Taquah Explor...6/6-6/8

AUSTRALIAN.

Amal. Zinc 1⅛-1⅜	Golden Horseshoe..⅝-¾
Brit.BrokenHill— ⅞-1	Gt. Boulder (2/)..5/9-6/1
BrokenHillProp 1⅝-1¾	Nth BrokenH'l...1⅛-1⅜ + ⅛
B.Hill Sin. (New) 1⅛-1¼	Sulphide Corp. ..... ⅝-¾
B. Hill Block 16..... ⅞-1	Zinc Ord..... ⅞-1

COPPER.

Arizona (5/)..... 1⅛-⅜	Mount Lyell... 12/6-13/0
Mount Elliott (£8)..⅞-1	Rio Tinto(£5)...30⅝-1⅜ - ⅛
Mount Morgan..... 2¾-3	

RUSSIAN.

Rus.-Asia.Con. 9/8-10/0—0/3	Spassky ⅞-1

MISCELLANEOUS.

BurmaCor(Rs16) 6/6-7/0+0/6	Min Cor. of Can... 5/3/9
Camp Bird Ord....4/6-5/0+0/6	Mysore (4/)....1/19-1/23-0/3
Chemins de Mex 7.6-8.0-0/6	Nat'l Min.(10/)..1/0-1/6
Esperanza ..... 1-1⅛ + ⅛	Oroville..... 1⅞-2
Mexico Mines....4½-4¾	Santa Gertrudis.7/0-7/6
Minerals Separ...6⅜-⅝	Wall Gold..... 1-1⅛

BUSINESS DONE.

Anglo-American Corp.—25/6. Brakpan—57/2½, 10½d., 8/1½, 7/3, 6d. Central Mining—7½, ⅟₈, ⅟₄. City Deep—52/6, 1/3, 6d. Consol. Main Reef—12/9, 10½d., 6d., 13/-, 7½d. Consol. Goldfields—20/3, 2/9½, 1/5, 7/3, 1/10½, 2/-, 9d., 4½d. Crown Mines—48/1½, 5/-, 6/3, 10½d. East Rand Prop.—6/0¾, 5/-, 6/9, 10½d., 6d. Geduld—50/-, 1/3. Government Areas—85/7½, 6/3, 8/5¾, 4/4½. Investment—28/-, 9d., 7½d., 3d., 9d. 10½d. Langlaagte—14/0¾, 13/10½, 14/-. Modderfontein B (5/- shares)—32/6, 1/10½, 6d., 3d.—. Modderfontein Deep (5/- shares)—46/10½, 6/-, 3d. New Modderfontein—76/3, 8/7½, 5/-, 4/4½. Nourse—

9/11½, 7½d., 10/3, 3d. Rand Mines—54/9, 3/1½, 6d., 9d., 2/9½, 6d. Randfontein Estates—18/9, 4½d., 10½d., 9d., 10½d. Randfontein Central—12/9, 10½d., 7½d., 4½d. Springs—46/10½, 3d., 5/7½, 3½d., 7½d. Van Ryn Deep—7⅝, 6/6½, 4/4½. Village Deep—10/3½, 2d., 9/8, 10/-. (*Exceptional amount at special price.)

CLOSING PRICES.

The quotations in the following tables were made up at an earlier hour than, and may, therefore, vary to some extent from, those given in our columns.

CONSOLS, ETC.

Consols	47⅛-⅜ + ⅛	3½ % Conv. Loan 62⅝ -⅛	
War Ln 5½ % ...	87⅜-½ + ⅛	3½ % Treas. Bs. 1905 -¼	
do. 4½ %	81¾-⅞	Irish Land 3% % 46⅝	
do. 5%	88⅛-⅜	India 3½	57⅜
do. 4%	97⅝-⅞ + ⅛	do. 3½ %	87⅛-¾ + ⅛
Fund'g 5% ...	71⅝-¾ + ⅛	do. 2½	102⅛-⅜
Victory Bds....	76-⅜		

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Alberta 4½ 1943 ...	75-8	N.S. W 5% 1922-30 ...	96-8
Aust'n Com 5½	96¼-9½	do. 6% 1920-40 ...	101-3
do. 5%	94-5	Q'sland 4, 1940-50 ...	86-70
do. 1927-57 ...	91-6	do. 4½ 1929-5 ...	85-90
Brit. Col 4½ 1941	78-80	do. 6% 1920-40 ...	98-100
Canada 5½ 1926-36	95-7	S. Africa 4½	77-9
do. 4, 1940-60.	74-6	do. 4½ 1929-5 ...	92-5
do. 4½ 1929-5 ...	94-5	S.A. str'l'g 4, '45-60	68-71
do. 5% 1919-29 ...	97-8	do. 5, 1921-7 ...	94-6*
Natal 4½ '57 ...	84-6	Victoria 4, 1940-50	80-71*
N.S. W. 4½ 1922-7 ...	88-90	do. 4½ 1923-25 ...	86-100*
do. 4%	102-7	W. Aust'n 4% 42-47	69-71
N. Zeal'd 4, '29 ...	84-6	do. 5% 1930-40 ...	94-6

FOREIGN BONDS.

Arg'tine 1886	93-5	Jap. 4½ pc. 1st ...	115-17 -1¼
do. 5 p.c. '07	72-5	do. 4 pc. 1905	86-8 -1
Brazil 4 pc. '89 ...	49-51	do. 4½ pc. 1907 ...	91-3
do. Fund '08	62-4	Mex. 5pc. '99	36-61
do. 5pc. 1914	59-62	do. 6pc. 15-y. Treas.	48-52 -3
Chinese 5 pc '96 ...	46-8	Paraguay Cons 4 pc.	45-7
do. 4 pc. '98	71-2*	do. Pref	17-18
do. 5pc. 1912	71-3	do. Deb	77-9
Egypt 7 pc.	97-8	Portuguese 3pc ...	23-5
French Loan...	41½-3½	Russian 4pc.	7-11
German 3pc.c.	4½-5 -¼	Russian 5pc. 1906 ...	11-13
Greek 3 pc.	11-4 -1	Spanish 4pc.	69-74
Italian Rentes ...	23-5	Uruguay 3½pc ...	59-2

HOME RAILS.

Brighton A	40-1	L & S-W. new 5% ...	92-5
Cal'dn. Df. Ord...	34¼-7¼	Metropolitan ...	34⅜-3⅝ -⅛
Cent. Lon. Df. ...	47-50*	do. 5% Pref.	75-6
Chat'm. Or	6-⅛	do. District.....	17-18
Gt. Cent'l Df.....	2-⅝	Midland Def...	44⅝-8⅛ + ⅛
do. Leicester ...	23½-9 + ⅛	N. Brit. Def....	10½-11¼
do. N. Pref.	40-2	N. East. Con.	77-3+1
do. Def.	23⅜-4⅛	do. 4½ Pf.	89-92
Sth. West'n	71-3+1	Sth. Eas. Df.	27-9
Hull & Barns'y	39-41	do. 5% Pref.	58-61
Lanes. & Yks.	50-52+1	Taff Vale	41-3
L. & N-W'ern....	71-5+1	Under Rlwy.	23-4
do. 4½ Pf.	89-91	do. Ins. 3½% ...	25-6
L & S-W. Def....	18¼-19+ ⅛	do. Ins. 4% ...	33½-6½
		do. 5% Dbs	79-82*

AMERICAN RAILS.

Atchison	113-15	Erie Pref	24-6
Baltimore	49-51	Illinois Cent.	87-9
Chesapeake	27-3	N.Y. Ontario	22-4
Chicago Milwau...	32-5	Southern	27-9+1
Denver	13½-⅝	do. Pref	58-60
do. Pref	34-1½	Southern Pacific.	102-4*+1½
Erie	16¼-17½	Union Pacific...	139-51*

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

Can. Pacific...	149½-51½	B-Ayres Pac.....	43-4+ ⅛
Grand Trunk...	23½-25½- 2¼	B. Ayres Gt. R.	63¾-4¼ + ⅛
do. 4½ Gnar...	59-60- 2	Cen. Arg'tine ...	59-60+ ½
do. 1st Pref....	24-6* -22	Cen. Urug'y	42-4+1
do. 2nd Pref....	13-15* -20	Entre Rios	19-20
do. 3rd Pref....	7-9* -6½	do. 5 p.c. Pf....	52-4
do. 4% Deb.	60-3	Leopoldina....	22⅜-3½
Antofa. Ord....	45½-6½	Mex. Rails	14¾-15⅛
do. 5% Deb....	55-70	do. 5 p.c. Pf....	40-2
Arzen. G. W.	44-6	do. 4 p.c. Pf....	25-8
Arnavsiz To'pe....	3-5	Mex. Tramways	20-2
Bahia Blanca....	51-33	Mex. Mid. Def....	5½-6½
Brazil Rail.....	17½-⅞	San Paulo Or....	121-3
B. Ayres Gt. S.	63½-4¾ + 1	Un. Havana.....	56-7

† Nominal.

BANKS.

Agricul. Egypt ...	4¼-5	Can. of Com	43-6
A. Sth. Amer....	8½-⅝	Hong Kong.....	94-7
Anglo Chilean...	35-8	Lloyds	2⅞-3⅛
Bank B. Ayres	31-3	Lon. & Brazilian	8-8½
do. N. Z'land(£1)	2¼-⅜	London City....	6⅝-⅞
Barclay 'A'	6⅜-½	Lon. & Midland....	38-40
Brit. Bk. For. Trade	4-4½	Lon. & S. Amer....	21-3
Brit. Overseas...	4¾-5¼	Lon. Joint City...	49-51
Chart. of India	14½-15½	Lon. Provincial...	23-5
		Lon. Scottish....	8-9
		Lon. & Westmin....	41-3
		Lon. & Yorkshire	4-5
		Nat. Bank	11-13
		Nat. Prov.	11-13
		Parrs	57-9
		Union of Aus.	11¾-12¾

TELEGRAPHS.

A.-Amer. Df.....	17-½	Marconi Can.....	8⅜-7/9
Marconi Ord.....	1⅝-1¾* + ⅛	do. Corp.....	8⅜-9
do. Pref.....	1⅛-1⅜	do. Pref	10/0-11/0
do. Marine	1⅝-1¾		

MISCELLANEOUS.

Aboukir Land....	1¾-2⅛	Im. Tobac. Or ...	48/6-9/8*
Acetol. Prod....	1¾-2	J. Brown....	18/0-20/0
Allsopp Ord.	54-9	do. (15/pf....	12/6-15/0
do. 5% Pref....	58-62	Lambert	1-1⅛
Ass. Cables	15-6	Laundry Un.....	4-5
Alianza.....	12-13	Lever 7% Pf....	14/5-15/3
Amal. Cotton..	12/0-12/6	do. Debs.....	90-2+ ½
Angola	4-4½	Lipton	16/6-17/
Anglo-Arg 1st...	2¾-3	Liverpool Nit.	2⅛-¼
Anglo-Chili's....	8-9	London Nit.	1⅞-2
Arg. Pref	2⅞-3	Lyons	2-2½
Arm'nt. N'n. Ld....	¾-1⅛	Magadi Soda..	9/6-10/6
do. South. Ld....	⅞-1⅛	Maypole Def....	⅞-⅞
Armstrong	18/6-19/0	Mex. Trans	10-11
A.P. Cement....	17/6-18/+0/3	do. Bonds.....	57-61
do. Pref.....	14/0-15/0	do. L. & F. Bs.	47-50
Baldwins	5-5½	Mond Nickel....	38/0
Bass, Ratcliff..	73-8	Mont'r'al St. Dh...	92-8
B'hioloma Pf..	1⅝-2⅛	Monterey Dh....	24-8
Bisschers	1-1⅛	Mw'Tea'gal	1½-1⅝
Borax Con. Df....	4¾-5	Nobel. Ind	1-1⅛
Brandram	4-4⅝	do. Pref	2-2½
Brit. Cocoa	21/0-3/0	do. Def	2-2½
B.S.

AUCTION TO-DAY AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK.
COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.
HIGH-CLASS DUBLIN-MADE FURNITURE, PIANOS, CARPETS, BEDS, AND BEDDING, &c.,

Comprising—FIVE UPRIGHT GRAND COTTAGE PIANOS, BY EMINENT MAKERS, BRILLIANT-TONED INSTRUMENTS; MAGNIFICENT CHESTERFIELD SUITE, 3 PIECES, COVERED IN OLD ROSE SILK. HAIR AND SPRING UPHOLSTERED; SET OF OLD SHEFFIELD DISH COVERS, 7-PIECE INLAID DRAWINGROOM SETTEE SUITE, INLAID SHERATON SIDEBOARD, RICHLY CARVED OAK SIDEBOARD AND DUMB WAITER TO MATCH; LOFTY GLASS-BACK SIDEBOARDS, FIVE FOOT SOLID MAHOGANY QUEEN ANNE DO., TWO 5FT. WALNUT CABINETS, SEVERAL SETS OF MAHOGANY DINING CHAIRS; INDIAN 4-FOLD CARVED SCREEN, FRENCH DO., COVERED IN TAPESTRY; CARVED OAK HALL STAND, INLAID ROSEWOOD DRAWING-ROOM CHINA CABINET, LOUNGE ARM CHAIRS, GLASS FIRE SCREEN, PAIR OF 3FT. SOLID OAK BOOKCASES, WITH LEAD LIGHT DOORS; ANTIQUE BRASS FENDER, 6-PARLOUR SUITES, IN RED VELVET, AMERICAN LEATHER, &c.; SET OF 8 SOLID OAK DINING CHAIRS, i.e.—6 AND 2 CARVERS, NINE SOLID MAHOGANY DO., i.e.—7 AND 2 CARVERS, 7 GEORGIAN CARVED BACK CHAIRS, MAHOGANY ENCLOSED SIDEBOARDS, BRASS FENDERS AND FIRE BRASSES, CONVEX MAHOGANY AND ADAMS STYLE MIRRORS, 2 10FT. MAHOGANY SCREW DINING TABLES, 5FT. MAHOGANY QUEEN ANNE DO., 5FT. STAINED WOOD DO., DROBRATIVE AND OTHER CHINA, PICTURES, AND ENGRAVINGS INVALID TABLE, OLD INDIAN COFFEE TABLE, DUTCH INLAID CHESTERFIELD SETTEE, OVAL AND LOO TABLES ON PILLAR AND CLAW, SHERATON, MAHOGANY, AND WALNUT OVERMANTEL GLASSES, LARGE GILT FRAME SHOP OR END OF DRAWINGROOM MIRROR, CARD-TABLES, A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF DUBLIN-MADE BEDROOM SUITES, including—5FT. INLAID MAHOGANY DO., TWO CHAMBER AND BED COMPLETE, ALL EN SUITE; 7FT. BURR WALNUT DO., 6FT. MAHOGANY DO., i.e.—GLASS DOOR WARDROBE, DUCHESSE PAIR AND BED-CHEST DO.; 4FT. MAHOGANY DO., 5FT. DOUBLE GLASS DOOR BURR WALNUT SUITE, 4 PIECES; 6FT. BREAKFRONT SIDE PEDESTAL; 5FT. DOUBLE GLASS DOOR BURR WALNUT SUITE IN WALNUT AND SATIN MAHOGANY DO., 5FT. SHERATON DO., FIVE OTHER SMALLER SUITES IN WALNUT AND SATIN MAHOGANY AND BLACK AND BRASS BEDS, WITH BEST 4-PLY WIRE AND CURLED HAIR MATTRESSES, IN SIZES FROM 3FT. TO 4FT. 6IN.; FEATHER BEDS, BOLSTERS, AND PILLOWS BLANKETS, SHEETS, &c.; KITCHEN AND DEAL FURNITURE IN VARIETY, DRESSERS, TABLES, CHAIRS, POTS, PANS, AND SAUCEPANS, ROYAL AXMINSTER AND INDIAN CARPETS AND STAIR CARPETING, CORRIDOR AND HEARTH RUGS, SEVERAL LENGTHS OF LINOLEUM, AND NUMEROUS MISCELLANEOUS EFFECTS. AUCTION COMMENCES AT 12.30 O'CLOCK. PIANOS SOLD 3 O'CLOCK.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

ON VIEW THIS DAY (FRIDAY). SALE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY).

MESSRS. JAMES HILL & SON

WILL OFFER AT AUCTION WITHIN THEIR OLD-ESTABLISHED GALLERIES, AS ABOVE,

ON TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) COMMENCING AT 1 O'CLOCK PRECISELY, AN EXCEPTIONAL COLLECTION OF HIGH-CLASS

MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AND ALMOST NEW COTTAGE PIANOFORTES,

BY ADDISON AND ADDISON, AND OTHER EMINENT MAKERS,

Comprising—Superb 7ft. 6in. Carved Mahogany Enclosed Lofty Mirror-back Sideboard; another Oak Pedestal do. 4ft. 6in.; Walnut Mirror-back Sideboard, in fine order; several other Mahogany Enclosed and Pedestal Sideboards; Chesterfield, Chesterton; very fine 7ft. 6in. Mahogany Wardrobe, with large mirror door; wall made 5ft. 6in. Walnut Cabinet, Chesterton; very fine 7ft. 6in. Mahogany do., Oak 9-Piece Drawingroom Suite, spring and hair stuffed. Bookcase and Cabinet, another 5ft. 6in. Mahogany do., Oak 9-Piece Drawingroom Suite, spring and hair stuffed. Bookcase and Cabinet, another 5ft. 6in. Mahogany do., Oak 9-Piece Drawingroom Suite, spring and hair stuffed. overcoat; Italian Marble Washstands; superior Cottage Pianoforte by Dublin Pianoforte Co., in Glass-door and other Double and Single Wardrobes, Single and Double Bedroom Suites, in inlaid mahogany, walnut, and oak woods; two superior almost new Chesterfield Settees, in silk tapestry (one 6ft. 6in., other 5ft. 6in.); six Lounge and Easy Chairs, as new, covered in tapestry; three superior Mahogany and Oak Screw Dining Tables, from 6 to 15 feet long; Sets of Dining Chairs, in leather and hair cloth; Card, Occasional, and Writing Tables; Parlour Tables, round, oval, and square, on pillar and claw; in mahogany, walnut, and rosewoods; several handsome Over-mantel Glasses, in Sheraton, Mahogany, and gilt frames; Regulator Clock, Oak Revolving Bookstand and 25 volumes thereof "Encyclopædia Britannica"; All-Brass and Brass and Iron Bedsteads, with woven wire springs and clean curled hair mattresses; Feather Bolsters, Pillows, Kitchen and Deal Furniture in variety; Tables, Chairs, Mangles, Dressers, Pots, Pans, &c.; Axminster and Brussels Room and Stair Carpets, Dinner and Tea Services, Plated Ware, Decorative and other China, Table Glass, Ladies' and Gents' Bicycles, Bath Chair, Perambulators, Go-Cars, Sewing Machines and numerous Miscellaneous Effects.

FULL PARTICULARS IN TO-MORROW'S ADVERTISEMENT.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS. 10, 11, 12 Bachelor's Walk.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED BY
JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

ESTABLISHED 90 YEARS. TELEPHONE NO. 63.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.
FURNITURE AUCTION TO-DAY,
AT 12 O'CLOCK AT
15 BREFFNI TCE., SANDYCOVE.

HAVING SOLD THE HOUSE, we are further instructed to Sell a Residue of Furniture, as already advertised.

Goods on view this morning.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

SANDYMOUNT—6 OSWALD RD.
(WITH POSSESSION).

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION at our Saleroom, 31 LOWER BAGGOT STREET, DUBLIN, on MONDAY, 12th SEPT., 1921, at 1.30 o'clock p.m., the interest in and to the above Premises, a modern well built House, containing sittingroom, three good bedrooms, bathroom (h. and c.), neat tiled kitchen with close range, hot press, e.c., shed in rear, scullery (h. and c.), pantries, etc.; built bay windows, neat garden at rear, with side entrance, electric light and gas laid on.

Purchaser will be granted a sub-lease for 140 years from 25th March last at £6 per annum.

Premises can be seen daily (Sunday excepted) between 3 and 5 o'clock p.m. Clear possession to purchaser on completion. For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to

W. J. M. COULTER, Esq., Solicitor for Vendor, 200 Great Brunswick Street, Dublin; or to

WALSH, BECKETT & CO.,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
16 PARNELL (RUTLAND) SQUARE, DUBLIN.

ARTICLES (CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1).

RAILWAY Lost Property—Umbrellas, silk mixtures, 3/6; Silk Walking Sticks, 3/6; Leather Bags, 3/6; Woollen Socks, 1/-; Waterproofs and Showerproofs, at spring away prices; all genuine bargains.—Railway Lost Property Office, 35 Fleet st., Dublin.

SPORTSMEN, etc.—Himalayan Bear Skins, good pelts and heads, mounted and other offers; price no decliens.—Q 307, this office.

SINGER New Sewing Machine, scarcely used, cover, accessories; £25 10s.—Q 1018, this office.

SPORTSMEN, etc.—Himalayan Bear Skins, good pelts and heads, mounted and other offers; no dealers.—Q 307, this office.

TWEEDS, Stockings, Underwoods, etc., at bargain prices.—Norman, 5 Upper Ormond quay.

TOILET Soap, full weight, 3/3 dozen; exceptional value.—Hely's, Dame st., Dublin.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES WANTED.

ANTIQUE Silver Cups, Candlesticks, Salvers, Sugar Bowls, etc., also Diamond Ornaments, Precious Stones, and Old Gold; highest prices given.—Wear and Son, Grafton House, Grafton street.

CHILD'S Pedal Motor Wanted; make; full particulars.—Z 2194, Go-Art."

DIAMONDS, Old Gold, Antique silver, Miniatures, etc. Purchased for cash.—Edmond Johnson, Ltd., 94 Grafton street.

FEATHER Beds Wanted; highest prices given; will send to examine in city.—Irish Flock Co., Ltd., Farm st., Dublin.

IRISH FIRM. Original Advertisers. T

FIREWOOD Logs Wanted; state lowest price.—Q 1017, this office.

MAJOR Browning, Kilkee, wants Antique Military Miniatures, Badges, Buttons, Uniforms, Helmets, etc.

WANTED to Buy, Books, Magazines, Novels, Furniture, etc.—Woods, 17 Aungier street.

WANTED, Plate Glass Counter, 6 ft. long 36 in. deep; also Shop Fittings, Sliding Doors; state price.—Rowe, Jeweller, Maryborough.

WANTED, Double Fern, in good condition; state price.—356, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot st. Bridge.

MACHINERY.

ANYTHING in Engineering Requirements, Land or Marine, General Stores, Tools, etc., can best be obtained from Tuck's, Lower Abbey st., Dublin.

A Kinds of Mechinery Bought or Purchased.—A. Woodbams and Moore, Lake st., Dublin. Telephone, 4550.

A KERSLAN Well Boring Plants for Sale. Can be seen working in the market square, City of Dublin Engineering Works, New Wapping st., Dublin.

DRUMOND 34" Lathe, foot or power.—Q 887, this office.

STRAW Elevators, telescopic pattern, lightest and strongest on the market; also Hay Elevators; quick delivery from stock.—Duthie, Large and Co., Ltd., Athy. T

THACHING Machine complete, h.p., with Bamford's 4' 6" Threader for sale, complete as a set £530, or separately.—Duthie, Large and Co., Ltd., Athy. T

TUTAN Tractor for Sale; very little used; price £250.—Z 1976, "Tractor," this office.

5 B.H.P. Oil Engine, Ruston's Petter, for sale; portable; very little used.—Albert J. Strahan, Auctioneer, Anstrim, Co. Wicklow.

TIMBER.

CIRCULAR Saws, Gulletted, Hammered, promptly—McKeown, Saw Doctors, 14 Townsend st., Dublin.

CHANDLING Timber Wanted, six counties.—Z 1935, Timber," this office.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

ANGLING—Rods, Reels, Flies, etc.; list free.—Garnett, Fishing Tackle Manufacturer, Crampton Court, Dublin.

ALL Fishing Sundries—Rods, Reels, Lines, Spinners; A Golf, Lawn Tennis, Footballs, Cricket; all Travelling Goods.—Moore, Seven Alson's quay, Dublin.

NOTICE to Rabbits, Hares, Plover, Snaring Wire and Nets.—Garnett, Crampton Court, Dublin. T

RABBIT Nets, Hare Nets, Snaring Wire, Snares, Fowling Sundries all kinds; lists free.—Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin.

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ALL Owners of Gardens to ensure best results should sow Drummond's Vegetable and Flower Seeds; awarded over 1,000 First Prizes since 1900.—W. Drummond and Sons, 57 and 58 Upper Sackville st.

APPLES, first class Eating and Cooking (equal parts), 21/- per barrel of 5cl., f.o.r. (empty free); cash with order.—Miss M. Redmond, Grange, Annaghmore, Portadown. 12 20

APPLE Storing Trays will save your fruit. Try a dozen at 30/- or 40/.—Thomas McKenzie and Sons, Great Brunswick st., Dublin.

APPLES, per stone, from 1/- (small windfalls) to 2/6; large bakings.—Cockermouth Mountainville road, Finglas.

BAKING and Storing Apples, 3d. per lb.—Malone, Glendruid, Cabinteely.

CATCH Crops are essential this season. New Seed of Rape, Vetches, etc., now in stock. Quotations free.—Thomas McKenzie and Sons, Dublin.

FRUIT Bottling, with or without sugar; Simple Instruction free. Bottles, 7/6 to 11/6 dozen.—Thomas McKenzie and Sons, Dublin.

POTATOES, best Irish, 10/- per cwt.—T. The Old Reliable," Carroll, 128 Upper Dorset st. T

ROYAL Scarlet Strawberry Runners, 5/- 100, free.—Mrs. Chewers, Killyan, Ballisadare. 5

STRAWBERRY PLANTS, strong transplanted Bennees, Royal Sovereign, per 100 10/-; Mammoth, New Strawberry, Redcroft, per 100 20/-.

W. POWER & CO., WATERFORD, Seedmerchants and Nurserymen. 12 3

THATCHING Cord (Scrip, in bundle, nice quality. Price on application.—Thomas McKenzie and Sons, Dublin.

WANTED, Calocalaria Cuttings, yellow and brown; send sample with price for quantity.—Q 969, this office.

POULTRY, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY, FISH, ETC.

A CUSTOMER writes:—I have all my March and April Pullets laying, all fed on Allenmen Meal, 25/- cwt.; Special Wheat Grain, 19/- cwt.; all Poultry food in stock.—Ranelagh Mills, Ranelagh.

A 1" good pedigree Pullets, Cockerels, Hens, R.I.B., A. W. Wrangtottes, Silver Campines.—J. Beverston, Dundrum, Dublin.

COCKERELS, selected, White Leghorn (Barron-Cam), 7/6 to clear.—Ardgroom, Glenageary

4 WINDSOR ROAD.
TUESDAY NEXT, 13th SEPTEMBER.

AUCTION SALE of ANTIQUE and MODERN FURNITURE, PLANO, etc., comprising—Oak Collard and Collard Upright Piano, Antique Rosewood Double Falling-leaf Table, Walnut Drawing-room Suite, Walnut Music and Corner Cabinets, Mahog. and Walnut Folding, Side, and other Tables; Walnut Davenport, Enclosed Mahog. Sideboard, Mahog. Telescope Dining Table, Mahog. Chairs, Oak Bookcase, Set Six Mahog. Dining Chairs, Mahog. Hall Stand and Chair, Oak Barometer, Ebonised and Gilt Mantel Mirror, Axminster and other Carpets, Linoleum, Brass and Iron and Iron Single and Double Bedsteads, Hair and Spring Mattresses and Bedding, Mahog. Dressing Table and Stool, Glasses, Stained Wardrobes, Dressing Tables and Washstands, Kitchen Dresser, Table, and Utensils, Lawn Mower and Garden Tools, Step-ladder, etc.

Sale at 12 o'clock.

Messrs. J. J. O'MEARA and CO., Solicitors for the Executor, 205 Gt. Brunswick st.

W. J. HOLDEN,
Auctioneer,
2 SAINT ANDREW STREET.

WEDNESDAY, 21st SEPTEMBER.
VERY DESIRABLE SPIRIT GROCERY,
20 LR. SHERIFF STREET.

Full particulars will duly appear.

AMBROSE PLUNKETT and CO., Solicitors, 20 Wellington quay.

NICE TWO-STOREY COTTAGE PROPERTY,
4 & 8 GLENGARIFF PARADE.

C. H. DENROCHE, Solicitor, 32 Nassau street.

W. J. HOLDEN,
Auctioneer,
2 SAINT ANDREW STREET.

AUTUMN SHEEP SALES.

NEXT AUCTION OF
BROOD EWES, WETHERS, AND LAMBS,
WEDNESDAY NEXT, SEPT. 14th.
ENTRIES CLOSE MONDAY, 12th inst.

The annual draft of 220 Fat Black-Faced Scotch Wethers, Draft Ewes, and Wether Lambs from the Galtee Mountain Flock of the Representatives of the late Lord Lismore will be offered.

GANLY, SONS & CO.,
USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION
EVERY THURSDAY. ENTRIES INVITED.

GANLY, SONS & CO.,
USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

EWES. EWES.
STORE WETHERS AND LAMBS.

NEXT AUCTION,
IN CATTLE MARKET, DUBLIN,
FRIDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER.
Early Entries will oblige.

ROBERT CRAIGIE,
37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

NEXT SALE OF
IRISH STORE CATTLE.
THE STRATHMORE AUCTION CO., LTD.,
Will hold their
AUTUMN SALE OF STORE CATTLE AT MERRIONDS WHARF, GLASGOW, ON THURSDAY, 15th SEPTEMBER.
Entries solicited.

A. F. NICOLL, Manager.
59 Bellgrove street, Glasgow.

STORE CATTLE SALES
AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN,
EVERY THURSDAY.
GAVIN LOW, LTD.

DRESS CONTINUED.

THREE perfect Switzer Gowns, brown and fawn, tailormade, black satin, semi-evening; approval. Darlington, 3 Dublin Hill, Howth.

WANTED, a Semi, Musquash, or Frieze Coat; must be cutting; moderate.—Q 1043, this office.

3,000 GOVERNMENT Khaki Cashmere 5/- Trousers 4/-, South Western 2/-, Waterproof Overall Suits 6/-, Canadian Lumber Coats, Leggings, Gloves 2/-, cash, post free; special quotations for quantities.—Welton's, Fratton road, Portsmouth. O

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

A T J. Callaghan and Co.'s, Ltd., 13-16 Dame st., Dublin—Best value in reliable Harness, all sizes.

A CHESTNUT Pony Mare, 13 hands, very quiet and handy; also Trap, rubber tyres, and Harness; the lot £54. Also Light Lorry and six inches Iron Gates and Hooks.—Apply 19, Thomas st., Westland Row.

FOR Sale, Mare, by Colonel Axworthy, winner of third prize Bodestown Show last May; also Lord Herbert, by Colonel Axworthy, dam by King Hammer, apply Farmer, Rowe, Lusk, co. Dublin.

FIRST class Turnout for Sale; gentle four years Pony (black), 14.1 hands; 3 in. steel tyres; Dennison dress Harness; Aleabury Round Trap."—Trap, Wilde's Office, Ring.

HARNESS, all classes—T. Smith and Son, Saddlers, 58 Marlborough st., Dublin.

HANDSOME Jaunting Car, well selling; absolutely safe Pony, 14¼ hands (vet.'s certificate), just new rubber tyred Trap, Harness; separately.—Hillsdale, Ardee road, Rathmines road.

LADY'S Sidesaddle for Sale, dowskin seat, patent stirrup and girths. To be seen at St. Petroc, Sutton.

NEW Picorh Traces, 6/11; New Girths (Webb), 2/6; New Plough Cord Reins, 2/11; New Cart Ropes, 3/3; New Wagon Cord Reins, 3/11; New Cart Reins, Plough Backbands, 5/6; Leather Driving Reins, 5/11; New Hames, Strap, 2/3 extra; Secondhand Harness for sale, 2/9; Riding Bridles (special, 4/6; Stirrup Leathers, 2/9; Solid Nickel Stirrups, 2/3; New Governess Riding Chairs, 1/3; New Leggings, 2/11; Horse Clothing, 1/3; New Collars, 3/11; New Governess Carts, 5/6; Head Stalls, 3/11; New Governess Carts, 5/6; Head Stalls, 3/11; New Governess Carts, 5/6; Head Stalls